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Ben-Zvi: Burma-Israel Ties Example to Asia

By PAUL KOHN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

LYDDA AIRPORT. — "I hope Burma's friendship for Israel will serve as an example to other Asian countries to follow suit," President I. Ben-Zvi declared here last night.

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi arrived by El Al Britannia from Istanbul, after a 10-day state visit to Burma. It was President Ben-Zvi's first state visit.

In a short address at a reception for 100 persons at the airport terminal, the President expressed his pleasure at the welcome he and Mrs. Ben-Zvi had received from the people and leaders of Burma during their 5,000-km. tour of the country. He singled out especially the "personal friendship" of the Burmese President and Premier Ne Win — "an outstanding personality."

The Burmese President had accompanied them on all their journeys.

The President said that he had seen hundreds of thousands of Israel flags in all parts of Burma. He also paid tribute to El Al and Air France for the comfortable and enjoyable flights to and from Burma.

Military Tattoo

Pageantry in the form of a miniature military tattoo greeted the President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi on the tarmac here. Exactly on time, at 9.05 p.m., the blue-and-white Britannia bearing the national and President's pennants touched down. As its engines came to a halt, a fanfare of trumpets rent the cool, clear night air. The President's flag was raised over the airport, and a guard of honour presented arms.

President Ben-Zvi stepped down from the Britannia amid cheers from several hundred persons welcoming him home, who were surprised to see him wearing a white suit. At the foot of the gangway were Prime Minister Ben-Gurion, Knesset Speaker Nahum Nir, the Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf Haim Laskov, and the Inspector-General Yosef Nahmias of the Police. They were joined by the President's Aide-de-Camp, Aluf-Mishne Yosef Carmel, who had accompanied the President to Burma, in inspecting the guard of honour.

The President next greeted the Diplomatic Corps, led by the Swedish Ambassador, Mr. Osten Lundborg, as the doyen of the corps.

Mrs. Ben-Zvi, wearing a beige coat and white hat, was presented with a bouquet of pink roses by Mme. Lundborg.

On the same plane were also Mr. Walter Eytan, Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, who accompanied the President, and 25 passengers on the normal scheduled flight from Istanbul. The President left Rangoon shortly after midnight on Tuesday night by Air France.

Cabinet Members

Also present at the airport to welcome the President were Cabinet Ministers Golda Meir, Levi Eshkol, Kadish Luz, Zalman Aranne, Mordecai Namir and Moshe Carmel; Mr. S. Shazar, Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive; Mr. T. Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office; Mr. A. Ben-Nathan, Director-General of the Defence Ministry; Mr. David Horowitz, Governor of the Bank of Israel; Mr. Z. Moses, the State Controller; Mr. Ya'acov Tsur, Deputy Director-General of the Foreign Ministry; Mr. Eliahu Elath, Counsellor at the Foreign Ministry, and Mrs. Elath; Mr. Uri Michaeli, Director of Civil Aviation; Mr. B. Bonney, Director of Lydda Airport; Mr. A. Gilboa, Chief of Protocol, and senior army officers.

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion welcomed the President on behalf of the whole nation "who receive you back with joy and love, from your first state visit to one of the nations which is friendly to Israel."

A large crowd, which gathered outside the airport, cheered the President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi.

At the entrance to Jerusalem, the President was met by Deputy-Mayor Ish-Shalom. A bouquet of red roses was presented to Mrs. Ben-Zvi. A message of welcome to the President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi, signed by Mayor Gershon Agron, was posted by the Municipality.

Sapir: Israel Now Ripe for Free Trade

TOKYO (Reuter).—Mr. Pinhas Sapir, the Israel Minister of Commerce and Industry, yesterday told the 15th session of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) that Israel sees its way open now for a truly free system of world trade.

Mr. Sapir said: "Two years ago we took our first tentative steps towards the easing of administrative controls in order to ensure a steady flow of raw materials for our industry. Our provisional accession to the General Agreement has given new impetus to our efforts towards further trade liberalization.

"Within the next few months we hope to extend instead the scope of our liberalization policy to a quarter of our imports. Where balance-of-payments considerations still prevent us from introducing liberalization, we shall have to rely more and more on the establishment of global quotas within the framework of multilateral rather than bilateral arrangements as before.

"State trading has never played an important role in our import regime. Nevertheless in accordance with the spirit of GATT we intend to reduce Government imports to the absolute minimum necessary, or to abolish them altogether.

"A system of import restrictions and quantitative controls, effective though it may be to safeguard exchange reserves, cannot answer the needs of an expanding economy."

14 Syrians Killed By Drifting Mines

DAMASCUS (Reuter).—Fourteen persons have been killed in the previous three days by Turkish mines laid along the frontier and swept into northern Syria by floods, it was reported yesterday.

Army squads yesterday were still searching the border areas for more mines.

THE OTHER SIDE of the moon as photographed by Lunik III. The circled black spot at upper right (1) is a crater about 300 kms. across, called the Moscow Sea. The cluster of black spots over to the left (5) is called the Crater of the Central Lomonsov Hill. Lower down to the right is Frederic Joliot-Curie Crater. To the right again is Soviet Mountain Range (7). Along left bottom edge are features of the moon visible on earth. They are, in Roman numerals: I. Humboldt Sea, II. Sea of Crisis, III. Regional Sea, IV. Sea of Waves, V. Smith Sea, VI. Sea of Fertility and VII. Southern Sea. The solid line drawn across the photo shows the moon's equator; dotted line is border between earth side and unseen side.

Another Break In Nile Water Talks

The Sudanese Ministers of Information and Irrigation left Cairo on Wednesday afternoon to report back to President Abboud, Cairo Radio reported. These are leading their country's delegation to the Sudanese-Egyptian talks on division of Nile waters.

The talks were resumed only on Tuesday afternoon after the senior delegates had returned from Khartoum where they had consulted with General Abboud.

Kassem Belittles Hussein's 'Readiness to Intervene'

Major-General Abdul Karim Kassem, the Iraqi Prime Minister, described King Hussein of Jordan in a Baghdad newspaper interview as the "scion of treason."

He told "Al Zaman" on Tuesday night that Iraq was the strongest nation in the Middle East, and with its modern army was powerful enough to crush any foreign aggression.

Kassem said Egypt was in opposition to those Arab coutries seeking genuine, democratic liberation.

The newspaper said General Kassem dismissed with a smile the reported statement by King Hussein of Jordan in an interview published in a London newspaper on Tuesday that he was ready to intervene to save Iraq from Communism if asked by the Iraqi people.

Jordan newspapers yesterday bitterly criticized the Cairo newspaper "Al Ahram" for its editorial attack on the king for this statement.

Hussein yesterday reiterated that the Jordanian armed forces were ready to "defend our freedom, Arabism and principles not only in Jordan but in the whole Arab world."

In an interview with "Die Welt" of Hamburg, Hussein was yesterday quoted as saying: "We wish Iraq stability under a regime of the people, which reflects the wishes and aspirations of the people, thinks in terms of Arab unity, and rejects all tendencies towards Communism."

(General Amez, Cairo's overlord in Syria, yesterday denied that the U.A.R. was massing troops along the border with Iraq, for "one Arab army would never be permitted to fight another." His statement, in reply to a question from a foreign correspondent, was reported by M.E.N.A., and quoted by A.F.P.) *(Reuter, UPI)*

The Jerusalem Post correspondent on Arab affairs writes:

It is odd to see Amman tussling with Cairo as to which should seize the advantage in the event of a change of regime in Iraq. Recently there seemed to be indications of some understanding between Jordan and Cairo regarding the Kassem regime. Moreover, if Nasser's regime is now not too popular in Iraq, the prestige of the Hashemites is even lower.

For some three weeks now Jordan press and radio have been calling on Iraq to return to its "golden past," and Hussein's London interview merely crossed the t's and dotted the i's.

Nasser and Hussein did attempt to negotiate some sort of unified policy towards Iraq, but they decided to defer a decision until "the final stage." The decision seemed to be based on their assumption that Kassem's regime is crumbling.

It is highly unlikely that the forces reported massing on the Syrian, Jordanian and Iraqi borders will clash with one another. They may yet decide to rattle their sabres in Israel's direction.

Russia Said Planning to Send Four on 'Suicide Trip' to Moon

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — Russia is planning to send two men and two women on an almost certainly fatal trip to the moon next spring, according to the latest issue of the American magazine "Rockets and Missiles."

The magazine was quoting a paper by two leading Soviet scientists, Professors Evgeny K. Federov and Anatoly A. Blagonravov, published in the Duesseldorf (West Germany) newspaper "Der Mittag."

The Russians' paper outlined a space programme that was both "dynamic and ruthless," the magazine said. They frankly admitted that lives would be lost in completing the missions.

The scientists predicted that two men would be orbiting the earth in a Soviet satellite by the end of this year, and four weeks later two men with a television camera would make a round trip to the moon, circling it twice.

Then, in March or April next year — when President Eisenhower will be visiting the Soviet Union — the two men and two women would be sent around the moon.

The Russians had some hope of picking them up by a "Lunik robot" rocket next September or October, the magazine added.

Coloured photographs of the planets and soil samples from the moon were forecast yesterday by Professor Boris Kukarkin, director of the Shternfeld Institute.

Writing in "Leninskoye Znamya" (Lenin Banner), he said: "Undoubtedly rockets and interplanetary stations will be launched to the moon to take pictures at various angles. Of extreme importance will be coloured pictures not only of the moon but also of other planets...

"It is possible that in the near future scientists will find ways of returning to earth samples of soil from the moon."

The television impulses recording the moon's "other face" were received on earth with the aid of very big aerials and extremely sensitive devices precluding distortion, the trade union newspaper "Trud" said yesterday.

Lunik III trained its cameras on the moon by pointing its other end at the sun, it was disclosed here yesterday.

Further official information on the latest Soviet space achievement showed that the satellite was revolving round its centre of gravity when it neared the moon.

Then special instruments came into action, aiming its spherical base at the sun and stabilizing the Lunik while cameras at the top photographed the moon.

Bank Leumi Opens Branch in London

Bank Leumi has provided the share capital in a new bank, called the Anglo-Israel Bank, to be opened in London on December 1, it was reported last night by Kol Yisrael. Additional means are provided by preferenee shares placed in London under the auspices of the Benson and Londsdale Co. and the N.M. Rothschild and Sons Bank.

Members of the first Board of Directors of the new bank are Commander Benson, a member of the Board of Directors of Lloyds Bank, Chairman; Sir Henry d'Avigdor Goldsmid, President of the J.C.A., Deputy Chairman; Dr. Y. Foerder, Chairman of the Board of Directors of Bank Leumi; Mr. Y. M. Gerl and Mr. L. Istorik, of the Bank Leumi Board of Directors; Dr. H. Greenbaum, who is to be Managing Director of the new bank; Mr. G. Henchwood, a member of the Board of Directors of Lloyds Bank, and Prof. R. Cahn, Prof. of Economics at Cambridge University.

Murphy Quitting U.S. Government

WASHINGTON (UPI).—Mr. Robert Murphy, 65, Deputy American Under-Secretary of State for Political Affairs, said yesterday that he is to resign in order to enter private business early in December.

Mr. Murphy, a key figure in U.S. foreign policy throughout his 39-year diplomatic career, did not say what firm he would join. Mr. Murphy became a prominent personality when he paved the way for the Allied landings in North Africa in 1942. Last July he was in the Lebanon as the President's personal representative.

Robert Murphy

Knesset Committee Discusses Renault

The Renault car company's cancellation of its contract with Kaiser-Frazer of Haifa was discussed at yesterday's meeting of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee.

Mrs. Golda Meir gave a detailed report on the Foreign Ministry's activities in the affair. A discussion followed

SWEDEN TRIMS U.K., 3-2, AT WEMBLEY

LONDON (AFP). — Sweden's footballers scored a surprise victory at the Wembley Stadium here yesterday when they trimmed the England eleven, 3-2, in an international match. The Swedes led, 1-0, at half-time.

Army in Algeria Must Fulfil Plan—de Gaulle

U.K. Claims For Cyprus Bases Said Reduced

LONDON (Reuter).—Britain is believed to have agreed on some reductions in its claims for bases in Cyprus, it was reported here yesterday.

Last Monday British Ministers and defence chiefs debated a Greek Cypriot plan to exclude all Cyprus villages from the future British bases.

The British reply is believed to go some way towards meeting the Greek Cypriot proposals.

The Governor, Sir Hugh Foot, flew back to Cyprus yesterday after consultations with the British Government. At London airport he said: "We do not intend to have barbed wire fences. We must establish a prosperous Cyprus. It is in our interest to do so."

Repeats Offer of Free Choice

PARIS (Reuter). — General de Gaulle yesterday had circulated throughout the French Army in Algeria an Order of the Day, in which he said: "As President of the French Republic I count on the men of the Army to ensure the success of my plan for Algeria."

The full text of the Order of the Day, in unofficial translation, was:

On my responsibility and in full knowledge of the circumstances I have laid down what our action in Algeria must be.

As regards the present, our tasks are completely and humanely to pacify this sorely-tried territory, to promote economic and so 'al development there, and to give to all sections of the Algerian population all possible moral and material reasons for wanting to be united with France.

Later, after a period which will probably last several years, the task will consist of ensuring the freedom and dignity of the consultation by which the Algerians will themselves decide their destiny under conditions which will be worked out and defined at the appropriate time. It is essential that this choice should be entirely free, failing which the problem would not be really solved, and France desires that it should be really solved.

The Government, which has my complete confidence, is in charge of this vast undertaking. You who serve the State in Algeria know as much as anyone that this undertaking is of capital importance.

It is of capital importance for Algeria herself, and it is likewise so for the whole of France in relation to her African mission, her national unity and her international situation.

Success calls for your action and your unity along the road I have mapped out.

Calls for Devotion

After so much effort and sacrifice, it is your duty in this matter to show as much devotion and discipline as ever, without allowing yourselves to be distracted by any other considerations. Know that I am counting on you.

(Signed) General de Gaulle, President of the Republic, Chief of the Armed Forces.

The Order of the Day comes after the open criticism by Marshal Alphonse Juin, France's only living soldier with the rank of Marshal, of General de Gaulle's self-determination design for Algeria.

The marshal said in an article on Monday: "The General has revived hope in the rebel camp."

Marshal Juin enjoys considerable respect and influence among the officers of the French Army. His intervention in a political matter has caused some annoyance at General de Gaulle's office, and it is believed that the Order of the Day to the Army is in part designed to counteract any effect the marshal's remarks may have had.

Reuter's correspondent in Algiers cabled yesterday that, according to the best information available, there seemed no reason to doubt the loyalty of the Army to President de Gaulle.

Ike Says Western Leaders Agree to Meet Mid-December

WASHINGTON (UPI).—President Eisenhower said at his news conference yesterday that the Western allied chiefs have expressed readiness to hold a Western summit meeting in mid-December. However, he said the date and place of the four-power Western meeting has not yet been fixed.

Those attending will be Prime Minister Macmillan, President de Gaulle, Chancellor Adenauer and President Eisenhower.

Mr. Eisenhower disclosed an apparent shift in the Western approach towards an East-West summit conference with Russia.

He said he placed top priority at that meeting on discussion of disarmament, and he indicated that Berlin and German unification would be a secondary matter.

Later, however, when a reporter asked whether his remarks meant Germany would be discussed only incidentally, the President bristled and said reporters were trying to pry out more information than he was willing to discuss publicly at this time. He said he was not sure what subjects would be brought up at the East-West summit conference. This depends on the inter-allied discussions and the Western summit agreements.

Other Points

The President made these points:

— He is in agreement, he believes, with his Western allies and with Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev that the most important step that they can jointly take is to make a start towards disarmament.

— The U.S. is no longer to be looked upon as an "Atlas" carrying the whole world by unlimited economic and military aid. The industrialized nations now are in a position to make a bigger contribution to the relief and development of the world's impoverished nations.

'Puzzled' by Castro's Attacks on U.S.

WASHINGTON. — President Eisenhower told his press conference yesterday he was puzzled by the bitter attacks of the Cuban Premier, Dr. Fidel Castro, on the U.S., particularly in the light of the long record of American assistance to Cuba.

The President also said the U.S. is using every available facility to prevent airplanes based in Florida from making unauthorized flights over Cuba.

In Havana, the Cuban Government said it has categorically rejected as being without foundation certain representations made on Tuesday by the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Philip Bonsal, to President Osvaldo Dorticos and the Minister of State Mr. Paul Roa.

Dr. Castro delivered a bitter three-hour speech to hundreds of thousands of Cubans on Monday, charging that the U.S. had permitted planes to take off from its territory on October 21 to "bomb the defenceless population of Havana."

AFTER MIDNIGHT

The Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission meeting adjourned after midnight, after an eight-hour-long session, without reaching any decision on the U.N. report of a Jordan complaint that some 200 Beduin had been compelled by Israel to cross into Jordan. This afternoon the M.A.C. is to continue the discussion of the report, which did not uphold the Beduin claims of former permanent residence in Israel

On the 30th day after the death of my husband, our dear father

Dr. Itzhak Weizman ז"ל

A MEMORIAL MEETING

will be held at Beit Harofe, 2 Sderot Wingate, Haifa, on Sunday, November 1, 1958, ל' תשרי, תשי"ט at 8.30 p.m.

The Family

The True Face of The "Progressives"

In the days of the Yishuv
- They opposed the struggle with the British
- They opposed the rescue of Jews by illegal immigration
- They supported the Morrison-Grady cantonization plan
- They opposed the Jewish State
- They undermined the solidarity of the middle class

At the time of the struggle against the Mandatory regime
- While the leaders of the General Zionists — Rokach, Krinizi, Ben Ami and other fighters were imprisoned at Latrun, the "Progressives" collaborated with the regime.

Now that we have the State
- They serve as Mapai's secret emissaries, at home and abroad
- They have collaborated with the regime in its liquidation of the middle class
- They have taken the initiative in selling out the municipalities of Kiryat Motzkin, Natanya and Jerusalem to Mapai.
- They serve as Mapai's advance column in delivering the Tel Aviv Municipality to Mapai rule

Who rules them?
- "Haoved Hazioni"—member of the Mapai-controlled Ihud Hakvutzot veha'Kibbutzim.

Their Reward:
Shlihim, special allocations, housing, loans, subsidies and high positions.

Progressives? Regressives, Rather!
And They Will Answer For It—
On November 3!

Your Answer: א

General Zionists Organization
CENTRE PARTY

א
Remember
You cannot vote unless you produce your identity booklet.
Only one א slip must be placed in the ballot envelope
Any envelope containing more than one א slip will be disqualified.
א

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Social & Personal

Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion has been presented with a volume of the "Tragedies" of Shakespeare published by the Am Hasefer publishing house. Present at the ceremony in the Prime Minister's Office in Tel Aviv were Mr. D. Lipec, director of the publishing house, and Mr. Reuven Avinoam, representing the translators.

•

Mr. Herbert Tingsten, Editor-in-Chief of the "Dagens Nyheter" of Stockholm, and Mrs. Tingsten, were entertained to lunch by representatives of the Journalists Association at Beit Sokolow in Tel Aviv on Wednesday.

•

Among visitors to the Hebrew University yesterday were Senator Karl Borch, of Germany, and Prof. Kaoru Matsumoto, of Waseda University, Tokyo.

•

The annual meeting of the Newspaper Publishers Association has chosen the following Executive: Messrs. J. Adler, Y. Eliash, S. Himmelfarb, Y. Zimberg, M. Lapidot, N. Moses, and Y. Karni.

•

Mr. Ludwig Schwerin, the painter, returned from a seven-month trip to Europe.

•

Mr. Isaac A. Michlin of Greenwich, Connecticut, and Mr. and Mrs. Morris M. Kling of Louisville, Kentucky, have visited the offices of the Jewish Agency where they were received by the Secretary-General, Mr. Gedalia Zakiff.

•

Mr. Nejat Uctum, the Turkish Charge d'Affaires, will speak at today's luncheon of the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary Club.

•

Prof. Matsumoto will lecture on "The Political Development of Japan," under the auspices of the Israel Oriental Society at 8.30 tonight, at Beit Hillel.

THE CORNERSTONE for a new Ramat Gan high school was laid here on Wednesday. The building will cost IL750,000 and will have 28 classrooms in its first stage.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARNON: 3.30, 6.45, 8.45
EDEN: The Seventh Sin.
ORNA: Carve Her Name With Pride.
ORION: Promise of Love.
ORGIL: Jocelito (The Seville Nightingale).
RON: Chase a Crooked Shadow.
SEMADAR: Screens (Evenings only).
ZION: A Place in the Sun.
TIVON: Les tricheurs (The Cheats).
EDISON: Aag (Fire), 3.30, 6.30 only.
STUDIO: La Strada.

TEL AVIV

4, 7.15, 9.15
ALLENBY: The Last Hurrah.
ARMON DAVID: Deserter.
CHEN: Some Like It Hot.
EDEN: Rad el Jamil.
ESTHER: Reluctant Debutante.
GAN SEMA: Arabian Nights.
GAT: Geschlossen Unter 4 Augen.
HOD: Les tricheurs.
MANIM: Carry On, Sergeant.
MONALOR: I Soliti Ignoti ("We Are Thieves").
MONBART: Anatomy of a Murder.
OPHIR: Tempest.
PEER: Vater Macht Karriere.
SHDEROT: Le Notti di Cabiria.
TAMAR: The Malta Story.
TCHELET: The Man of Straw.
TEL AVIV: Holiday for Lovers, 3.30, 7.15, 9.30.
YARON: Imitation of Life.
ZAFON: La femme et le pantin.
ZAMIR: This Land is Mine.

HAIFA

4, 6.45, 9
ORION: Raw Edge.
ATZMON: Chase a Crooked Shadow.
MIRON: Mogli Pericolose ("Nice To Be A Bachelor"), Evenings only.
PEER: Jacobowsky and the Colonel.
ARMON: Stella.
ORLY: Daintree County.
EN DOR: Race of Cimarron.
OPAL: Vergiss Mein Nicht (Forget Me Not).
AMPHITHEATRE: Say One For Me.
MORIAH: Sissi — die Junge Kaiserin.
TAMAR: Loot.
GAL OR: Westbound.
DOMINO: The Tall Stranger.
MAY: Evil that is Eve (Une belle vt la manche).

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Sat., Nov. 7

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Record Crops In Lachish Area

Jerusalem Post Reporter

KIRYAT GAT. — This year's crops in the Lachish area have broken the records of previous years, Mr. Levi Argov, head of the Lachish Area Department of the Jewish Agency, told reporters on tour of the area.

Tomato crops, for example, have increased from the previous average of three ton per dunam to six tons per dunam, with some yields as high as 15 tons per dunam.

The Lachish area is settled almost entirely by new immigrants from Oriental communities. They have undergone a long process of instruction which is still part of their daily life here. Most of them started as hired workers on agricultural instruction farms. Later they were given 10 dunams with the prospect of making IL1,000 a year. During that period they acquired better knowledge of methods of agricultural cultivation until gradually they were given up to 20-25 dunams and were encouraged to plan their work independently.

The average annual income of a settler in the Lachish area now is IL2,700. Recently a new marketing company of the Jewish Agency and Tnuva, called "Nuv," began to operate in the area. The company pays the settlers a week after marketing the produce; Tnuva paid them only a month or more after.

Chad Opposition Now Opposes Israel Tour

POST Political Correspondent

Chad's opposition National Union Party has published a statement protesting against the recent visit of a top Government mission to Israel. Members of the delegation, headed by Premier Tombalbaye, who are now in Paris, termed these allegations as usual opposition manoeuvres which would probably have no effect on the successful outcome of their visit to Israel.

The National Union Party also demanded that Chad invite experts from Arab countries in addition to Israelis.

Mr. Allahou Taher the Speaker of the Chad House of Assembly, said prior to his departure from Israel that while Chad had hitherto been generally unknown, the visit here and the publicity given to it had made Chad a country widely known.

PRODUCTIVITY FILM WINS TOP PRIZE

TEL AVIV. — A film of the Government Productivity Institute won the cup of the Tournées Internationales du Film Technique, Industriel et Agricole held at Rouen, France, last week.

The prize-winning film was produced by Mr. Yona Sarzki, head of the Demonstration Department of the Productivity Institute. It concerns the introduction of new methods in the canning industry.

Uzzi sub-machine gun models are slung over Rockettes' backs at Radio City performance.

Rockettes Rock with Uzzis

By JESSE ZEL LURIE
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW YORK. — Half-a-million New Yorkers and visitors, more than the population of Tel Aviv, saw the Israel show which closed a four-week run at the Radio City Hall on October 24.

Producer Leon Leonidoff put together a spectacle which filled the cavernous stage of the Music Hall with 33 Israelis, an equal number of the Music Hall Corps de Ballet, another three dozen of the famed, precision-stepping Rockettes, a full-scale symphony orchestra and an El Al Britannia.

The star of the show depended on one's vantage point. From up front one could enjoy the intimate hand movements of songstress Shoshana Damari, who should never venture into anything so large as Radio City, nor allow anyone outside of Tel Aviv to design her costumes. (She appeared for her first number in a garish white, red, purple and black fitted tunic that looked like Cecil B. De Mille's idea of the High Priest's vestments.)

From the remainder of the orchestra or the tremendous balconies — the theatre holds 6,000 — the star of the show was the El Al Britannia. An intriguing combination of wide screen colour film with the stage spectacle showed us what a camera placed in the cockpit sees as the El Al plane takes off from Lydda and lands in New York.

Good Choreography

Jonathan Karmon did an excellent job of choreographing his own dozen dancers and the Music Hall's Corps de Ballet. For most of the numbers, they danced together. One had to sit towards the back to enjoy the full ensemble across the wide stage, and from that distance it was impossible to distinguish the Israelis from the Americans.

I was too close to the stage for the Baruch Yeffet Yemenite Dancers. Their phoney beards bothered me.

Moshe Gamliel and Meir Mizrahi performed competently on the drums and in the finale Gamliel suddenly switched his role to that of an exotic dancer and brought down the house with his intricate twists and turns. The Galilee Singers provided background music throughout the show.

The *piece de resistance*, as in all Music Hall revues, were the Rockettes, who performed to the music of Moshe Wilensky's Kalaniot, sung by Miss Damari. Miss Damari explained that the red-bereted parachutists were named after the spring poppies, and the Rockettes appeared in red berets with authentic-looking Uzzi guns strapped to their backs. Yael Dayan supervised the authenticity of the Uzzi mock-ups. This is probably the first time the Rockettes performed their high kicks with submachine-guns on their backs.

All in all a very pleasant show, which lived up to its title: "Happy Land." Half-a-million people received a slight taste of Israel song and dance and saw some of the land's magnificent scenery on colour film. Many were probably inspired to come and see for themselves, and some of them will succeed in making the trip to Israel. The 1960 tourist season, from all indications, will be bigger than ever.

Meanwhile the Karmon dancers and singers will be doing some travelling on their own. Under the management of MCA, the largest and most influential of the theatrical agents, they will leave from here for Mexico City, where they will appear for a month in the city's largest hotel and its largest theatre. Then back to New York for a television appearance. In January they will begin a South American tour in Venezuela.

Where to go

• **Meet the Israeli:** —
Tourists invited to meet Israelis at home. Information at Government Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa.

JERUSALEM

• **Zoo:** —
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: 9-6.

• **Tours:** —
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour, starting 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.

Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 12 noon, daily. New University Campus.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Rina Gallery, 13 Shlomzion Hamalka (entrance Rehov Yanai) Tel. 5910. Oils by Hagit Lalo and new jewellery designs by Tas. 10-1, 4-7.

Artists House: 10-1; 4-6. Autumn Exhibition of Jerusalem Artists. Oils by Angela Seltikar.

Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd., Tel. 63737, Est. 1935. Jerusalem's oldest art gallery. Works by Israel's leading artists, in oil, gouache, woodcuts, drawings, miniatures. Come in and browse around 8-1, 3-7, Friday, 8-2. All purchases mailed upon request. Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Special exhibitions. Tel Gath excavations. Chalcolithic ossuaries from Azor. Also permanent exhibition, 9-1; 3-5.

• **Bezalel National Museum:** — Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects. Primitive Art. "Eighteen American Artists," paintings, sculpture and graphics. Special exhibition of sculpture by the late Jacob Epstein. Exhibition by Samson Schames, New York, watercolours and mixed media. Lithographs by Eugene Spiro, New York, of famous musicians and conductors. Weekdays: 9-1; 2.30-6. Fridays: 9-12. Saturdays: 10-1.

• **Bezalel Art Library:** — Books in memory of the late Bernard Berenson.

TEL AVIV

• **Theatre:** —
Cameri: "Twelfth Night," 8.30. Ohel: "The Soldier Tanaka", 8.30.

• **Dine and Relax:** —
Delphik Bar, exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 25972.

Cafe Noga, Mandelbaum Orchestra, Alisa Gabay, Vocalist, 8-7, 8-12.

• **Tourist Service:** —
Visit Hadassah Club, 96 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 28230.

Wine Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26828, 9 a.m.-2 p.m.

• **Zoological Gardens:** —
Open 8 a.m. — 6 p.m. daily.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Historr Exhibition Archaeological Finds; UNESCO Exhibition of Watercolours. Beit Dizengoff. 10-1, 4-7.

Oils, gouaches, by Michael Argov. Helena Rubinstein Pavilion. 10-1, 4-7.

Ancient Glass Exhibition, Museum Ha'aretz, near Ramat Aviv. 10-5.

Paintings by Jacob Tessler. Artists Pavilion, 9 Alharizi, 10-1; 4-7. Sats. 10-1.

Paintings and Sculpture, auspices Israel Painters & Sculptors Association. Artists House, 30 Weizmann, 10-1; 4-7, Sats. 10-1.

• **Y.O.A. House:** —
Social and Cultural Club. Musical Evening, 8.30.
Tourist Service, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

HAIFA

• **Theatre:** —
Habimah: "The Trees Die Standing," Armon, 9.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Melita Schiffer and Irene Baum exhibit recent works. Union of Israel Painters and Sculptors, 24 UNO Ave. 10-1; 4-7.
Furniture and Rugs Exhibition. Exhibition Centre, Beit Hakranot, 10-1, 4-7.

• **Tourist Centre:** —
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 22 Hehalutz. Tel. 67965.

RAMLA

• **Yiddish Musical:** —
Benzion Witler, Shifra Lerer: "Dos Lied fun Amol," 9.15.

KIRYAT HAIM

• **Harmonica Recital:** —
John Sebastian, "Paganini of the Harmonica," Glenn Clugston at the piano. Tonight.

PETAH TIKVA

• **Yiddish Comedy:** —
Dulgan & Szumacher, Heichal, Tonight.

NATANYA

• **Concert:** —
Haifa Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Sergiu Commissiona. Soloist Mindru Katz, Piano. Sharon Cinema. Tickets at Sharon. 9 p.m.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Assuta, 12 King George, 4872.
TEL AVIV: Brelman, 86 Allenby, 62352. Kitsleitz, 22 Hayarkon, 63566. Orah, 99 Dizengoff, 28320. Nordau, 153 Ben Yehuda, 28572. Maccabi, New Maccabi Qtr. 21397. **JAFFA:** 10 Yefet (No. 4) St., 83429. **RAMAT GAN:** Talpiot, 30 Abba Hillel, 72554. **PETAH TIKVA:** Fishbein, 6 Hefeta Halm. **REHOVOT:** Levin, 196 Herzl, 95-1245. **HOLON:** Rihak, Sirkina St. **NATANYA:** Assuta. **HAIFA:** Hagiborim, 28 Hagiborim, 67400.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Grunwald, 32 Bir-Nun, 62968. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 28748. Dr. Har-Even, 15 Shoshkin, 25411. Dr. Weiss, 72 Dizengoff. Dr. Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet, 81274. Dr. Warren, 15 Sokolin, 27027.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 9 Rehov Hanevi'im, 2424.

The Israel Oriental Society
at the Hebrew University
announces a lecture by
Prof. Kaoru Matsumoto
of Waseda University, Tokyo
on
The Political Development of Japan
to take place tonight, October 29, at Beit Hillel, Jerusalem, at 8.30 p.m.

On 2,500th Year— Persia, Israel To Honour Cyrus

POST Political Reporter

Israel and Jewish communities in 56 countries are to join Persia in the 1961 celebrations on the occasion of the 2,500th anniversary of King Cyrus, founder of the Persian Empire. It was in 538 B.C.E. that Cyrus freed the Jews living in Babylonian exile.

This information was disclosed at a recent press conference in Teheran by the Cultural Adviser to the Persian Royal Court and head of the special Persian Celebrations Committee, Mr. Haj-e-Din Shapah, according to "Ettelaa," Persia's largest newspaper.

Mr. Shapah was quoted as saying that the decision taken by the World Jewish Congress at its recent conference to that effect adds unusual honour and significance to the festivities. He said a special King Cyrus Celebrations Committee is to be established in Israel. He expressed his Government's satisfaction over the W.J.C. decision to hold separate celebrations in all the countries of the Diaspora.

Mr. Shapah recently returned from a world-wide tour to organize the celebrations in various countries. It is understood that the Persian Government attaches special significance to the celebrations in Israel and participation of Israel representatives in the Persian ceremonies. Cyrus went down in history as the king who enabled the Jews to return home from exile in Babylon and rebuild the Temple in Jerusalem.

U.S. Consul-General In Jerusalem Named

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Dr. Eric Carl Wendelin, Political Counsellor and Consul-General at the U.S. Embassy in Rio de Janeiro, has been appointed U.S. Consul-General in Jerusalem. Mr. Wendelin, who is replacing Dr. Albert Franklin, is expected to arrive in Jerusalem early next year.

A career diplomat in the U.S. Foreign Service since 1931, Dr. Wendelin was born in 1905 in New Hampshire. He was graduated from Brown University with a Ph.D. degree in 1929.

Prior to World War II he served in Montreal, Havana and Madrid. After having held the post of Second Secretary at the U.S. Embassy in Buenos Aires since 1941, he was appointed in June 1945 as liaison officer of the State Department with the U.S. Chief Counsel for prosecution of war criminals.

In 1949, Dr. Wendelin was appointed as Chief of the Political Affairs Division of the U.S. Command in Berlin. In 1951 he became First Secretary at the Embassy in Ankara. Dr. Wendelin has been with the U.S. Embassy in Brazil since 1955, first as Consul and First Secretary, and since 1956 as Political Counsellor and Consul-General.

THE CORNERSTONE of a Municipal secondary school, which will cost IL750,000, was laid at the 25-dunam site on Rehov Yarkona in Ramat Gan yesterday.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

THURSDAY

ARRIVALS: El Al 102, from Johannesburg, Leopoldville and Kano — 0900. El Al 304, from Nicosia — 1440. Air France 139, from Teheran — 1450. T.W.A. 840, from New York, Rome and Athens — 2050. El Al 206, from New York, London, Paris and Rome — 2130. Alitalia 450, from Rome — 2215. El Al 702, from Teheran — 2320. Cyprus Air 132, from London, Rome, Istanbul, Ankara and Nicosia — 2350. Olympic 614, from Athens and Nicosia — 0040 El Al 426, from Amsterdam, Zurich and Athens — 0140.

DEPARTURES: Swiss-Air 331, to Athens and Zurich — 0700. El Al 426, to Zurich and Amsterdam — 0800. B.E.A. 127, to Athens, Rome and London — 0955. Sabena 538, to Athens, Vienna and Brussels — 1005. El Al 302, to Nicosia — 1100. K.L.M. 536, to Rome and Amsterdam — 1245. El Al 701, to Teheran — 1330. Air France 139, to Rome and Paris — 1540.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 236.4 & 249 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.30, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. **French:** 2.15 p.m.

6.30 Religious Service (R). 6.37 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.
11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Tchaikowsky: March Slave; Liszt: Piano Concerto No. 2 in A; Mendelssohn: Symphony No. 5 in D-minor ("Reformation"), opus 107. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.15 Housewife's Request Programme. 1.00 Bach: Suite No. 1 and excerpts from suite No. 2 for Cello played by Pablo Casals. 1.45 Where to Go? 1.50 Light Music. 2.30 Close Down.
4.00 Special Foreign Language Programme. 5.05 Summer Concert: Mascagni: Intermezzo from "Cavalliera Rusticana"; Corius: Violin Concerto, in E-minor (Soloist: Jascha Heifetz); Rubinstein: Romance in E-flat. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Popular Songs and Melodies. 7.20 Hebrew Songs. 7.45 Daily Hebrew. 7.50 Sports. 7.59 Announcements on Kol Yisrael Programmes. 8.00 "On Elections." 8.50 Bible Reading: Yehoshua chaps. 11 & 12. 9.10 Talk by Z. M. Koner. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 "Each and Every Voice" — ed. by Peter Frye and Y. Targuth. 10.05 Brahms: Sonata No. 1, in F-minor, opus 120 played by Jona Ettlinger (Clarinet) and Ruth Menze (Piano). 10.30 A Glimpse at Israel. 10.35 Songs and Dances at your request. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
468, 422.5, 282 & 33.3 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.15 Hebrew-French Lesson. 6.30 News in Easy Hebrew. 6.45 Polish. 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Entertainment Platform ed. by Y. Arieh. 8.30 Chess Corner. 9.00 Ladino. 9.30 Hungarian. 10.00 News in English.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
468 & 41.7 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m., 1.15-2.15 and 5.30-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (31.3 M.): Programme to the U.K. 10.30 News. 10.40 Tune of the Week. 10.45 Editorial Opinion.
Programme to South Africa: 6.15 News. 6.35 Walter Eytan's Personal Column. 6.30 Musical Interlude. 6.35 Afrikaans Programme.

ARMY PROGRAMME (484, 210 and 225 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Request Programme. 6.30 "Pleasant Tunes"; 6.58 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.10 "Bow & Arrow." 7.40 Songs by Choirs. 8.00 "Army's Diary." 8.10 "Viva-Vis." 8.30 Light Music Quiz. 9.00 News. 9.15 "Merry Rhythm." "Please Meet" — Harry Belafonte. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (19.66, 16.86, 25.25, 19.32 & 13.97 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. Actualities.

MUSIC U.S.A. (19 & 25 M.): Voice of America: 9.00-11.00 p.m. Light Music and Jazz.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 496 M.): News: 7.30 a.m. 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m.

7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Emergency. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King. 10.30 B.B.C. Bandstand. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Teller of Tales. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 2.15 p.m. The Grey Goose. 2.30 "Yours sincerely" with Vera Lynn. 4.45 The Lanitis Programme. 7.45 Strange Stories of the Sea. 10.00 Vanished Without Trace. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 Danger Point.

ANYONE KNOWING THE WHEREABOUTS
of Dr. Jacques Meldevan, eye doctor, is asked to contact the Bequests Section of the Foreign Exchange Division, Ministry of Finance, Jerusalem, for his benefit.

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post, October 29, 1959

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Criminal Appeal

The Attorney-General v. Yitzhak Beilis (Cr.A. 161/58).

Intermediary Who Gets No "Cut" Not Guilty of Bribery

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court delivered on May 4, 1958 (in Cr.C. 179/57).

A certain Dr. Melamed was approached by Yitshak Beilis, the respondent, to buy a motor-car. He informed Beilis that he had just failed his driving test, whereupon the latter told him that he could arrange for him to pass the test the next time he was examined if he was prepared to pay the examiner IL100.

Dr. Melamed informed the police of this offer and was instructed to agree to it and proceed with the test. He took his second test on February 10, 1957, and passed, receiving his driving licence the next day. On February 13 he went to Beilis' office in order to settle the matter of the IL100. Beilis took the money, which had been marked, telling him that he would hand it over to the tester. Immediately after Dr. Melamed had left Beilis' office the police entered, found the marked money and charged Beilis with an offence contrary to section 6(a) of the Penal Law Revision (Bribery) Law, 1952, which provides that:

"A person who receives money, money's worth, a service or some other benefit in order that he may give a bribe to a person performing any of the functions specified in sections 1 and 2 . . . shall be treated as if he were a person taking a bribe within the meaning of the said sections." (authorized translation.)

Judge Raveh of the Tel Aviv District Court, relying on the majority decision in Cr.A. 196/54 (P.D. 9/1501), held that, as Beilis had not been proved to have gained any personal benefit from acting as an intermediary, he was not guilty of an offence under section 6(a) of the Bribery Law. In the Supreme Court case cited, Justice Silberg and Landau, with the President dissenting, had held that a person may be found guilty under section 6(a) only if he is proved to have had some personal interest in the money or other benefit he received in order to give a bribe to the public official concerned.

The Attorney-General appealed against Beilis' acquittal as the Supreme Court majority decision in Cr.A. 196/54 had been in the nature of **obiter dicta**. The appeal was heard by the Supreme Court composed of five justices.

Dr. Eltzas, Deputy State Attorney, assisted by Mr. Terlo, appeared for the appellant and Mr. J. Steinman for the respondent.

Judgment

Justice Agranat, who delivered the main judgment of the Supreme Court, took exception to some of the processes of thought by which Justices Silberg and Landau had been influenced in Cr.A. 196/54, but went on to agree with their final conclusion for the following reasons:

First, he said, from the phraseology of section 6(a) it is clear that "money, money's worth" etc. is of the same genus as "benefit," and the ordinary, everyday meaning of "benefit" is some individual personal gain to the person receiving the benefit.

Secondly, he said, the legislator's intention, in enacting section 6 of the Bribery Law, was clearly to punish those who lend a hand to the bribery of public officials even before the official himself has received the bribe. But the legislator had intended this punishment only for such intermediaries as receive some payment or other benefit for their mediation, regarding this as an inducement to them to carry out their unlawful designs. In other words, it is in this very inducement that the legislator sees the danger and it is against the temptation to succumb to the inducement that the legislator introduced the threat of severe punishment, deeming a person who accepts payment for his go-between services as equivalent to the official who actually receives the bribe.

Last-minute Regrets

Thirdly, Justice Agranat continued, wise criminal-law makers would most certainly take consideration of the fact that an intermediary who has agreed to pass a bribe on "free of charge" may have last-minute regrets after having already received the bribe-money. If he should nevertheless still be equated with a person who has actually received a bribe, his change of mind would bring him no benefit whatsoever.

Fourthly, he said, the rule laid down in Cr.A. 203/54 (P.D. 9/1160) on which Dr. Eltzas had relied, could not help him in the present case, as it was established there that the same principles as apply to offences under sections 4 and 5 should apply *mutatis mutandis* to offences under section 6. In other words, the fact that section 4(c) provides that "it shall be immaterial, in regard to a bribe, whether it was enjoyed by a person taking it or by another person," may be applied to intermediaries only when the benefit earned by the intermediary himself is expressed in terms of some form of payment to another person, other than the official intended.

Furthermore, it must be remembered, he continued, that at the stage with which section 6 deals, the bribe itself has not been handed over. It would, therefore, be illogical to regard the official for whom it is intended as "another person who enjoyed the bribe" within the meaning of section 4(c).

Finally, Justice Agranat said, he thought that the undesirable conclusion which the District Court had been forced to reach in the present case derived not so much of the majority decision in Cr.A. 196/54 as from the fact that the prosecution could not prove that the respondent was in fact going to reap some benefit from the money which Dr. Melamed had given him for the examiner. The solution to a difficulty of this nature, he continued, lies with the legislators who can, by transferring the onus of proof, make it incumbent upon the intermediary to prove that he had enjoyed no benefit from the payment intended for bribing the official.

Question of Conspiracy

Justice Agranat then went on to consider whether the respondent could have been found guilty either of attempting to bribe an official, or of conspiracy, or of attempting to incite someone to commit an offence. In holding that *prima facie* there did not appear to be room for a conviction on the first possibility, he pointed out that the respondent had taken no active step towards paying over the bribe, the fact that he had taken the IL100 being only in the nature of a preparatory act not tantamount to a criminal attempt within the meaning of section 30 of the Criminal Code (see R.V. Robinson, 11 C.A.R. 124).

As to the second possibility, it would appear, he said, that in accordance with the doctrine of conspiracy there must be at least two conspirators — i.e. two persons who at the time they agreed on some illegal purpose fully intended that it should be executed — whereas in the present case Dr. Melamed had had no intention that the IL100 should actually be handed over to the examiner and had thus had no *mens rea*.

There is a *prima facie* possibility, Justice Agranat continued, of finding the respondent guilty of an attempt to incite Dr. Melamed to commit a criminal offence, but as the Attorney-General had not mentioned this alternative in his statement of appeal it would not be just to give a verdict of this nature in the framework of the present appeal.

Justice Sussman concurred with Justice Agranat, while Justices Silberg and Landau agreed that the appeal should be dismissed for the same reasons they had given in Cr.A. 194/54.

The President thought it incredible that the Knesset could have intended that an intermediary in a case of bribery, if not proved to have benefited personally from the bribe, should be considered an upright citizen and should not be required to pay the penalty for encouraging corruption in the State. However, he held, in the light of the unhappy phraseology of section 6(a) of the Bribery Law, he found himself forced to accept his colleagues' conclusions and could only express his amazement that the competent authorities had not succeeded in getting the Knesset to amend the law in the three-and-a-half years since the judgment in Cr.A. 196/54 had been handed down.

Appeal dismissed.

Judgment given on September 19, 1959.

IT'S THE LAW

A returning resident who used a car for a year abroad and returns after two years pays only 60% of the purchase tax. (Purchase Tax Order.)

Crippled Kids Hear Sebastian

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The most appreciative audience in Jerusalem — 30 severely crippled children who are starved for entertainment — on Wednesday got a unique musical treat when the harmonica virtuoso, Mr. John Sebastian, gave a special concert for them. Mr. Marc Lavry, the composer, was at the piano of the "concert hall" — the dining room of the Alyn Hospital for crippled children in Katamon.

"A truly wonderful audience," Mr. Sebastian said after the children had showered their thanks on him. "I'm only sorry I can't speak Hebrew because I'd love to crack jokes with them."

Before he arrived, the children, aged 3-16, already began filling the dining hall. Some of them hobbled on crutches, others "walked on all fours," others came in wheel chairs. The nurses brought still others bundled up entirely in blankets, only their heads showing. They were placed stomach-down on the dining tables so they could watch Mr. Sebastian.

Although the children go on outings, generally on holidays, they are still ravenous for entertainment.

They all come from poor families who contribute nothing for their treatment. Although some stay eight years in the hospital, the average period of treatment is three years. Donations make up 40 per cent of the budget; the authorities provide the rest.

Mr. Sebastian started the concert with a march, the first thing, he said, he had learned to play on the harmonica. "Swanee River," a Negro spiritual, proved an unexpected favourite. At the end, Mr. Sebastian played Hebrew folk songs.

The concert ended with "Hatikva." Only seven children were able to stand at attention.

American Passport

No. 1248081 in the name of Saul Gordon, issued in Washington, November 12, 1958, also boat ticket on Messapia

LOST

6 p.m. October 27, on No. 12 bus, between Hakirya and Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv. Please return to nearest police station.

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Tel Aviv
Commencing Saturday, October 31, 1959
ISRAEL PREMIERE
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Starring the sensational French Screen Discovery
PASCALE PETIT

with DANIEL GELIN
and featuring the world song hit:
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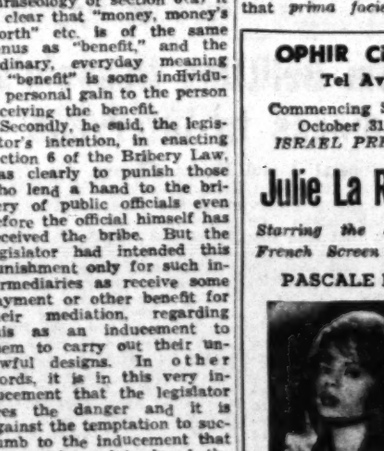
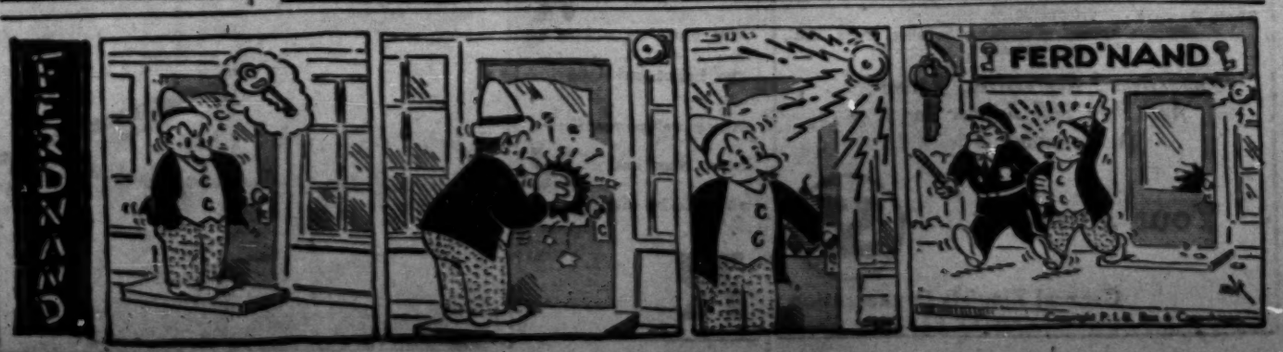


. . Sex was not enough. She had that with her Jazz musician husband. She needed a Love that was deeper, richer, stronger, more mature and fulfilling. She found it with a man who knew how to love her in a way that made her feel she was a complete woman.

Kim Novak Fredrick March
MIDDLE OF THE NIGHT
by Paddy Chayefsky, author of "Marty" and "The Bachelor Party"
MOGRABI Saturday, October 31
A COLUMBIA PICTURE
SHORTLY: PEER, Haifa RON, Jerusalem



Mizrachi Women's Organization of America
invite you to tour their projects and visit their tourist clubs at:
TEL AVIV: 16 Bay Nan - Tel 20187
JERUSALEM: 60 Rashi - Tel 2646
HAIFA: 25 Arlosoroff - Tel 6251

The Weather

FORECAST: Fair, rising temperatures.

Weather Synopsis: A trough of low pressure which caused rain in our region has moved east, and a ridge is moving in, causing stabilization and rising temperatures.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	62	11	18	20
Tiberias	60	13	24	27
Haifa Port	66	19	25	26
Natanya	63	16	26	27
Tel Aviv Kirya	52	15	25	26
Tel Aviv Port	60	16	23	25
Lydda Airport	55	13	25	27
Jerusalem	60	12	19	21
Beersheba	44	10	24	26
Eilat	28	14	28	30

*A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

RAINFALL TOTALS IN MMS.
A.—For the last 24 hours until 8 a.m. yesterday.
B.—Since August 8, 1959.

	A	B
Acre	3.7	29.4
Haifa Port	4.6	21.7
Tel Aviv Port	0.5	12.6
Tel Aviv Kirya	1.6	15.1
Lydda Airport	1.5	7.7
Mt. Cana'an	3.8	23.5
Jerusalem	0.3	1.3
Tiberias	1.0	3.6

ARRIVALS

Mrs. Sol Kittay, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Strauss, Mrs. Esther Leight, Mr. Arthur Laurents (all of New York), Mr. and Mrs. Leonard M. Sperry, Los Angeles, Mrs. James H. Schwabacher and Mr. James Schwabacher, Jr., San Francisco, under the auspices of the U.J.A.

Mrs. Rosie Schreiber, Chairman of the Belgian Revisionist Women's League, to attend the opening of a children's home in Kfar Shalem which is being established by her organization (by El Al).

Mr. Eliezer Schwimmer, of the Jewish Agency's Department for Torah Education and Culture in the Diaspora, from Vienna, for consultations in connection with religious education in Austria (by El Al).

Dr. Menahem Levin, Director of the Fibres and Forest Products Institute, from a trip to England and the U.S. in connection with the Institute's research projects (by El Al).

I.P.O. Opens Season In Jerusalem

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Israel Philharmonic Orchestra opened its season in Jerusalem last night with a concert at the Edison Theatre, to which it has returned while the Binyanei Ha'ooma auditorium is being completed.

Jean Martinon, the conductor, and Mattiwilda Dobbs, soprano, were enthusiastically received by a capacity audience. The Edison looked better than usual with newly-painted stage fittings and floral decorations.

The stage was decorated by foliage provided by the Municipality. Mayor Gershon Agron sent a basket of roses to the soloist, conductor and orchestra on the occasion of the first I.P.O. concert of the season in the Capital.

Unaccompanied Children Now Allowed on Subway

HAIFA. — Children below the age of 16 may again travel unaccompanied on the Carmelit subway during the afternoon hours, it was announced here on Wednesday.

The ban, imposed because joy-riding youngsters were crowding the newly-opened subway, has been lifted because the pressure has now eased.

Porath, Gereben Level In Chess Tournament

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Porath and Gereben, each with 10 points, are now neck and neck in the final stages of the National Chess Championship. In the 13th round of the 15-round contest here on Wednesday night, Gereben defeated Feuer, while Porath could only hold Fischer to a draw. Gereben also won his adjourned game against Porath.

Public Holiday on Election Day

In accordance with paragraph 10 of the Basic Knesset Law, Election Day, November 3, will be a holiday, but transport and other public services will continue to function, the Chairman of the Central Elections Committee, Judge Y. Sussman, announced yesterday.

Work in factories, offices and business undertakings will cease from 5 a.m. until midnight on Election Day. But restaurants, cafes, hotels, kiosks and factories where the production process is of a non-stop nature, will remain open.

Newspapers will appear as usual.

In addition, the distribution of milk, milk products, and ice, and the supply of bread by bakeries to shops, is permitted until 10 a.m. Grocer shops will be open until 2 p.m. and greengrocer shops until 10 a.m.

Theatres and cinemas will be open as usual, while health and medical services will operate in accordance with Sabbath and Holiday schedules.

The sale and serving of alcoholic beverages is strictly forbidden from midnight, November 2, until midnight, November 3.

Jaffa and Natan Persov
Ein Hacarmel

Gabriele and Gershon Kalinhoff
Haifa

Techia and Reuben Kalinhoff
Horshim

happily announce the birth of their

DAUGHTER AND GRANDDAUGHTER

AMIT

Sharon Hospital, October, 1959

Shlomit Rapaport
Tel Aviv

Chaim Gonen
Haifa

MARRIED

Haifa, October 28, 1959.

B-G Raps Soviet Press For Taking Sides in Israel Elections

TEL AVIV.—Prime Minister Ben-Gurion said here last night that the Soviet press has "joined the 24 lists fighting Mapai in this election." He said the Soviet press was trying to condemn him as a warmonger, "because my concern is to see the Defence Forces properly equipped, so that they can stand up to our enemies."

"We will not accept the slogan of Czarist days, *'kromie evreyev'* ('except Jews'), even from His Excellency Nikita Khrushchev," Mr. Ben-Gurion told some 5,000 persons at a Mapai rally in Jaffa.

"Why is it permissible for Khrushchev to equip the Soviet army, the Egyptian army and Kassem's army," continued Mr. Ben-Gurion, "while we must not arm ourselves?"

Stressing that Israel aspired to peace, Mr. Ben-Gurion said that when Mr. Khrushchev spoke before the U.N. on disarmament, he had apparently not known or not seen fit to give the source of his remarks—the Prophet Isaiah.

A large part of Mr. Ben-Gurion's address was devoted to the Defence Forces, whose democratic spirit, he declared, made inconceivable military *coups* such as had taken place in Egypt and Iraq. *(Itim)*

Two Arrested at Dayan Meeting in Kiryat Gat

Jerusalem Post Reporter

KIRYAT GAT. — Aluf Moshe Dayan spoke for an hour before a crowd of 3,000 here on Wednesday night, although the latter half of his address was punctuated by numerous interruptions, and two persons were arrested.

Mapai meetings here have previously been broken up by gangs of rowdies, and last night it again seemed that violent affrays might break out. But the police handled the situation with great tact, although the large reinforcements brought from Beersheba and Ashkelon were mainly concentrated behind the scenes, out of sight.

Aluf Dayan spoke from the top of the stairway to the Cultural Centre in Kiryat Gat's newly-completed civic and commercial section. When he was interrupted by hecklers he told the large corps of ushers not to interfere and to allow them to ask questions. When the interruptions degenerated into competitive orations, however, Aluf Dayan asked the hecklers to leave so that others could hear his speech.

A few determined opponents continued to match their voices against his loudspeakers and Aluf Dayan suggested that the interrupters be removed. He remained unruffled and good-natured throughout.

("Sinai Diary" — Page 4)

Eban Speaks To Jerusalem Crowds

Jerusalem Post Reporter

"I had to return to Israel to learn that Israel and its leaders are a 'failure,'" Mr Abba Eban, former Ambassador to the U.S., told several hundred persons at a "grass roots" rally in the German Colony in Jerusalem last night.

He was making his 55th election speech, and shortly afterwards addressed a crowd of over 4,000 in the Nahlaot quarter. He said that during his term of service abroad, he had only heard the most favourable things about the country, its development and its leaders.

Yet, when he had returned, he found that one party (he did not mention Herut by name) was blackening the good name of the State and its leaders who had been at the helm during one of the "periods of splendor" of the Jewish People — the establishment and consolidation of the State.

CURRENCY IN circulation dropped by IL10,850,656 during the past week, the Bank of Israel announced yesterday. Foreign currency reserves fell by IL793,656; Treasury bills and Government promissory notes by IL10,057,000.

Eshkol Lists Aims Of Next Gov't

PETAH TIKVA. — Development of a large industry, gaining the confidence of foreign investors, satisfactory housing for all, and secondary education for every child will be the main aims of the Government in the next four years, Finance Minister Levi **Eshkol declared at an election meeting held at Kfar Yahud.**

Addressing 1,000 persons, Mr. Eshkol included among the achievements of the State the building of 250,000 housing units, establishment of 500 agricultural settlements, while 750,000 tons of Israel shipping now plv the seas.

Begin Says Herut Is Liberal Party

Herut's proposal to sign a Franco-Israel friendship treaty and the recent arm sales to Germany were introduced by Mr. Menahem Begin, M.K., into the last phase of his party's election campaign last night at a political rally attended by a crowd of 12,000 in Menorah Square in Jerusalem.

It was there that Mr. Begin had opened his party's campaign in the Capital exactly two months ago.

Following his usual pattern of questions and answers, Mr. Begin proclaimed Herut as being the only party which follows the "new and true liberalism" of the British type. Most Western countries have turned liberal or conservative and it is high time for Israel to dissociate herself from "fallacious Socialist methods," he added.

To the background of organized chants of "Begin to power," the Herut leader several times called on Mapai to keen in "good spirits."

Despite the expression of these sentiments, however, after the meeting dispersed some elements among the crowd marched off to the vicinity of the Knesset and caused some disturbance to passing cars, although there was no violence.

Allon: Area Elections Threat to Democracy

TEL AVIV. — The constituency election system involved a threat to Israel's democracy, the Ahdut Ha'avoda leader, Aluf Yigal Allon, M.K., warned a party convention at the Mann Auditorium yesterday.

Those who advocated a change in the electoral system seemed to forget that the Scandinavian countries maintained truly democratic regimes under proportional elections, whereas South American countries which kept to constituency elections were dominated by military juntas, he said. The proposed system was unsuited to the social conditions of a developing country, he added.

Strikers Evacuate Government Office

POST Economic Reporter

Some 50 sit-down strikers evacuated the head offices of the Ministry of Transport last night after occupying one entire floor for more than 36 hours.

The strikers were taxi-owner members of the Association of Independent Wounded Veterans of the War of Liberation who were pressing their demands for a Ministry allocation of 50 diesel engines for their cars.

The import of diesel engines for vehicles of less than eight tons was prohibited last November. The Association, which numbers about 250 independent taxi drivers, claims that its members were in line to receive the 50 motors when the ban went into effect. As a result they are working at a disadvantage compared with owners of diesel-powered taxis.

At a two-hour meeting last night in Jerusalem with the Director-General of the Ministry, Mr. Pinhas Ginsburg, the strikers agreed to withdraw from the Ministry's premises. A meeting has been scheduled with the Minister of Transport for this morning. The war invalids were promised that their problem would be given sympathetic consideration, though Ministry circles stated that no concessions would be made on the import of motors.

Meeting in Hotel

Yesterday's meeting was held at the Eden Hotel because the Ministry offices were being occupied by the taxi-owners.

According to Mr. Ginsburg, only 400 of Israel's 2,500 taxis are diesel-powered. (The invalids claim 1,200.) The difference in fuel costs between a patrol-and a diesel-driven taxi which does 50,000 km. in a year is about IL4,000 in favour of the diesel; a diesel taxi pays IL1,000 for its licence, a petrol IL150.

At a press conference in the morning at the Eden Hotel, Mr. Ginsburg conceded that there was considerable justice in the taxi drivers' complaints. On the one hand, they were being deprived of the engines which they had been promised, and on the other diesel motors were available to anyone who could afford them. The engines had been imported as agricultural equipment and adapted for use in taxis.

500 Beduin At Mapam Rally

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — Some 500 Beduin, mostly from the el-Ataune tribe, were present at a Mapam election rally held in an open field some 20 kms. east of here on Wednesday morning.

The Minister of Development, Mr. M. Bentov, and Sheikh Musa el-Ataune, a Beduin who is standing for the Knesset on the Mapam ticket, were among the speakers. The sheikhs of other tribes were not invited.

The Military Government was sharply criticized by all speakers and its abolition demanded. Sheikh Musa said that most of the sheikhs have "sold" themselves to the Military Government and that the majority of the Beduin were exploited by the sheikhs.

Crash Driver's Licence Cancelled for Life

HAIFA. — Mr. Baruch Braude, who 18 months ago was involved in an accident in which three persons were killed, was fined IL1,500 and had his driving licence cancelled for life in the District Court here on Wednesday.

The crash ocurred in February, 1958, on the Haifa-Hadera road, when Braude crashed into a group of persons standing by a bus while the driver was changing a tire. At that time, traffic police quoted him as saying that he had blacked out at the wheel.

Caronia Arrives With Nearly 600 Tourists

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA.—The 34,000-ton British Cunard liner, s.s. Caronia, arrived with 585 tourists on Wednesday morning. They will leave tonight, when the ship sails on the next leg of its Mediterranean cruise. Most of the tourists are Americans.

Stranded U.S. Sailors Go Broke

By YA'ACOV FRIEDLER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Thirty American seamen were anxiously idling away their time here yesterday smoking their last cigarettes and reading letters from home. The letters informed them that their families had no more money left for provisions.

The men are crew members of the s.s. Pacific Wave, which ran out of fuel a week ago today. The ship's operators, the World Tramping Agency of New York, has failed to send the $20,000 needed for fuel for the trip back to Texas.

The men are staying at the Carmelia Court Hotel, as "distressed seamen," at the expense of the American Consulate. They sit around, read, talk, go for walks, and "just count the floor tiles." Most of them are southerners — from Texas, Alabama and North Carolina. For the majority, the trip to Haifa was their first in the vessel. They arrived from Galveston on September 26 with 10,000 tons of wheat.

"We signed on the ship for a long trip to earn money for our families," according to tall, slim, blond and handsome able seaman James Brannon, of Mobile, Alabama. He has two children with a third expected next month. He explained that many of the men had been ashore on vacation and had been running short of funds when they signed on.

Cheques Bounce

"But when we got here we had letters waiting from the folks back home that the cheques they got from the company bounced," he drawled. "My wife cashed the cheque with the grocer and paid instalments with the cash. Then the grocer came chasing after her 'cause the cheque was no good," tall and tough chief cook Robert McNeil, of Galveston, chimed in.

"Most of us are family men and we sail to earn a living for the folks. Most of our earnings go to them as allotments," he explained.

McNeil is the delegate of the Seafarers' International Union of Brooklyn, of which most of the men are members. He has spent IL75 for cables and phone calls to the union since Friday.

"We made collections among the men, but contributions are getting mighty small. Just no one has any money left," he said. The Union cabled them to engage a lawyer and get a lien on the ship with the local marine court.

"But we can't raise the $900 (IL1,600) for the court fees." He had booked another call to the Union during the interview but the lines were bad and the call was postponed.

"There goes another day," he commented. "We want to work, not loaf." Meanwhile, he sent the addresses of the families to the Union by air mail.

Families Destitute

"Our folks are destitute and maybe the Union will give them a loan." The men are claiming a total of $15,000 in pay and family allotments from the Company on the basis of $900 to $3,000 each.

The ship sailed on August 26 and since then their families have had no money, the men claimed. The men had drawn only small amounts of spending money in Israel currency from the master three weeks ago.

"That's the last time we saw cash and it's gone now," Able Seaman James Masters of Houston said.

McNeil does all his errands for the men on foot. "It's exercise, passes the time and saves money for cables and stamps," he said, stretching his long legs. He has been in touch with the Israel Seamen's Union and is full of praise for their sympathy. The Union has engaged a lawyer, Mr. Y. Lieber, to represent the sailors.

"This is the first time such a thing has ever happened to any of us," one of the officers, with 30 years' sea time, stated. The ship was unloading last Wednesday, and on Thursday morning the final drop of fuel ran out.

"Everything went dead. We moored the ship safe off the lee breakwater (the cheapest place in port at IL24 a day). Next morning we accepted the American Consul's offer to board us ashore. The ship's not fit for habitation when the engines are dead. There's no light, running water, toilet facilities or kitchen."

There is one Jewish crew member, fireman Nathan Goldfinger. "Some people invited him to their home but he's too shy to go out without a cent in his pocket," the men said in sympathy. Six of their colleagues had opted to stay on board, "and they're living like sea hoboes."

The Captain, Patrick Keenan, is reportedly trying to contact the company but is not available for comment.

A report, quoting Itim, that the sailors had "deserted" which appeared in the first edition of *The Jerusalem Post* on Tuesday was corrected in the second edition.

High Court Questions 'Security' In Beduin Parole Appeal

The High Court yesterday ordered the Parole Board to consider the request of a Beduin prisoner to drop the final third of his prison term, as is customary in cases of good behaviour.

The applicant was sentenced to five years in prison for activities against the security of the State while serving Egyptian intelligence.

The Parole Board decided not to cancel the final third of his sentence after the Attorney-General claimed that security considerations, not detailed before the Board, required that the prisoner serve out his full term.

A lively exchange between the Attorney-General, Mr. Haim Cohn, and the bench preceded the Court's decision to make absolute an *order nisi* granted against the Parole Board.

Mr. Cohn said that the prisoner, a Negev Beduin, had asked two Jews to serve as agents of Egyptian intelligence. The two men contacted Israel security authorities, who told them to pretend to agree. Armed Egyptian agents crossed into Israel from Gaza to meet the two Jews. They were seized and sentenced to life terms.

The security authorities notified the Attorney-General that the Beduin might renew his contact with the Egyptians if he was freed now, after serving two-thirds of his sentence.

JUSTICE BERINSON: "How can they (the security authorities) know this when it is the first time he has been sent to jail?"

MR. COHN: "The security authorities have ways of finding this out. I don't."

JUSTICE BERINSON: "If it has not been proved, that is a mere guess."

MR. COHN: "Would you ask me, sir, to ignore the warning of those who are responsible for State security?"

JUSTICE BERINSON: "I would wish to see that the Attorney-General and the Parole Board are convinced there are grounds for opposing the release of the prisoner. It is not enough that someone utter a word and thereby close the case...."

Mr. Cohn's main argument was that a prisoner cannot claim it as a right to be released after serving two-thirds of his sentence. He said this was a privilege which the Parole Board granted at its own discretion.

Mr. Cohn said that in his opinion the prisoner should have been sentenced to a longer term. "I weep over the fact that I have to release him after five years. But I will not recommend his release even one day sooner."

JUSTICE LANDAU: "Perhaps this is a case of exaggerated and misplaced anxiety for the security of the State? Has the Board been shown that there are suspicions of renewed contact with the Egyptians, or has it blindly accepted the declaration of the Attorney-General about 'security considerations'?"

MR. COHN: "The members of the Board have read the sentence of the District Court, and the representatives of the Attorney-General has told them there were security considerations involved. Does anything more have to be said?"

The Court decided to return the matter to the Board, to which the Attorney-General will present detailed material to back up his argument.

Fishing Trawlers Ordered In Japan and France

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Orders for two 500-ton trawlers have been placed in Japanese and French shipyards by the Israel-Nippon Fishing Company, the managers of the enterprise, a partnership of Japanese, Swiss and Israel interests, told the press here yesterday.

(The order for the Japanese vessel has been placed on the spot by Mr. Pinhas Sapir, the Minister of Commerce and Industry, who is attending the GATT conference in Tokyo, it was officially announced last night in Jerusalem.)

The vessels — for work in the Atlantic and Indian Oceans — can hold 320 tons of fish in their refrigerated holds and their combined annual catch can run up to 2,000 tons. The company is now investigating the possibility of putting fish in cold storage at ports nearest to the fishing grounds and shipping it from there to Israel and other markets in refrigeration boats. One vessel will be ready in mid-1960, the other at the end of the year.

Of the 1,200 tons of tuna fish which the company has brought to Haifa, some 500 tons are still in cold storage. The managers say that a 200 per cent tax put on the fish — and recently reduced to 100 per cent — has led to a contraction of demand.

STATE TO RETURN GREEK MONASTERY

By CHRIS ELJOU
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Israel Government is to return the Byzantine Monastery of the Holy Cross in Jerusalem to its owners, the Greek Orthodox Patriarchate in Jerusalem, *The Jerusalem Post* learned yesterday. The Government officially informed the Greek Diplomatic Representative of the decision earlier this month.

The exact date for the evacuation of the monastery is to be announced as soon as its present occupants find new accommodation.

The seventh-century monastery, as well as other Greek Orthodox property in Jerusalem border areas, were requisitioned by the Israel authorities in 1948 for security reasons. An Archimandrite and a deacon appointed by the Greek Patriarchate in the Old City now look after it.

Members of the Greek Community expressed satisfaction over this decision. They have been required to obtain special permits from the Ministry for Religious Affairs to enter the monastery on Holidays.

The return of the properties requisitioned in 1948 was recently discussed between the Greek Patriarch of Jerusalem, Benedictus I, and the Greek Government.

Ship Can Go, But Master Must Remain

TEL AVIV. — The sailing of the American freighter "Pacific Ranger" is permitted, but her master, Capt. K. Jurgenson, must remain in the country until he posts a IL17,000 bond, Magistrate and District Court Registrar I. Giladi ruled here on Wednesday.

A dock worker, Moshe Franko, was killed on the ship three weeks ago by a falling cable, and his family has sued for IL16,300 compensation.

Mr. Giladi decided to cancel a temporary injunction preventing the ship from leaving because it was ascertained that the World Tramping Agency is not the owner but the charterer of the vessel. On the other hand, if the captain does not post the bond, then any judgment against him would become merely a "piece of paper" if he is not in the country.

Counsel for the claimants, Mr. Z. Jacoby, claimed that according to Israel maritime law, the captain is responsible for any civil damages.

Capt. Jurgenson testified that he had received orders from the company to sail, as the ship will be unloaded within a short period, and that any delay would result in considerable costs. His counsel said that each day's delay costs the ship $1,000, and if the ship's master remains in Israel until the law suit is concluded, he would personally lose $1,500 a month. *(Itim)*

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Pupils Strike Today Against p.m. Shift

TEL AVIV. — The pupils of Class Gimmel Two in the Ahad Ha'am School here will hold a strike today, the Parents Committee announced yesterday.

This step has been taken because of the decision of the school principal to have two classes meet in the afternoon for the entire school year. The parents suggested, unsuccessfully, that there be three-monthly shifts of afternoon classes, divided among other grades as well.

The Committee appealed to the Ministry of Education and the Municipal Department of Education, but without results.

New Council to Get Ramat Gan Report

Jerusalem Post Reporter

RAMAT GAN. — The Minister of Interior's recommendations for remedying defects in the municipal administration are to be passed on to the next town council, after the elections, it was learned here on Wednesday.

At a press conference attended by Mayor A. Krinizi, the Deputy Mayor, Mr. S. Sussman, announced that this decision had been reached at a meeting yesterday of the Municipality, which was summoned following a conference earlier in the day between the Mayor and the Minister.

Mr. Sussman said the decision was taken as the details of the report, drawn up by a Ministry-of-Interior committee, concern technical and administrative matters, and relate to commissions which have ceased operations due to the elections. Only after the elections will the Minister's recommendations, which included the appointment of a committee to investigate the alleged shortcomings, be able to receive proper attention.

The only opposition to this decision was by Mr. Simha Greenwald (Progressive), who demanded that his view be duly noted, and then left the meeting. He was in favour of distributing the report to the Municipal employees.

The *Jerusalem Post* learned that the report places the Municipality in an unfavourable light, and that there is therefore a desire to surpress its contents until after the elections.

The labour faction here has again appealed to the Ministry of Interior for a copy of the report.

Magistrate Acquits 12 from Wadi Salib

HAIFA. — Twelve inhabitants of Wadi Salib, among them David Ben-Haroush, were on Tuesday acquitted by Magistrate B. Levin of charges of having taken part in an unlawful demonstration on July 9 — the day after a drunk was shot and wounded by a policeman in the quarter.

Another Magistrate, Mr. L. Slutzky, sentenced Ben-Haroush to two months' imprisonment for assaulting a police sergeant on the staircase of the Court building here in September, when Ben-Haroush was on trial for his part in the Wadi Salib disturbances of July 31.

Israel's Deeds Impress Haggerty

REHOVOT. — The accomplishments of Israel have given him a "sense of well-earned gratification," Mr. John J. Haggerty, head of the U.S. Operations Mission, declared on Wednesday at a luncheon at the Weizmann Institute of Science. The luncheon was given for the team of American marketing experts now in Israel.

The luncheon preceded an inspection tour of the Institute. The experts are in Israel through the cooperation of USOM and the Israel Management Centre.

THE EIGHTH Kupat Holim clinic in Beersheba was opened in the Meshek Ezer quarter yesterday.

Secondary School Teachers Go on One-Day Strike Today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

No classes will be held in most of the country's secondary schools today, as teachers belonging to the independent Secondary School Teachers Association go out on a one-day strike. The Association claims that it represents 80 to 90 per cent of all teachers in four-year secondary schools, including vocational and agricultural ones.

The Association is demanding a more favourable ratio between salaries of secondary and elementary school teachers and, at the other end, between those of secondary school and university teachers.

Dr. Mordechai Cohen, Chairman of the Association, told this reporter that for many years, roughly up to the establishment of the State, the ratio between elementary school and secondary school salaries was about 3:4. "Today, if we get IL100 the elementary school teacher gets IL88, while the salaries of university teachers are way above ours." The teachers, he said, are claiming pay equal to that in comparable professions.

Today a teacher in a secondary school and one in an elementary school with equivalent training — certificated B.A., or M.A. — receive identical pay.

MONTHLY GROSS SALARY	At present		Demanded	
	First Year	20 years seniority	First Year	20 years seniority
Certificated	IL360	IL425	IL365	IL460
B.A. degree	IL380	IL470	IL380	IL520
M.A. degree	IL500	IL525	IL500	IL590

The Association also wants a change in the seniority scale, with 60 per cent of the maximum pay granted by the tenth year.

The Association disagrees with the Ministry of Education's statement that parents would have to pay IL80 to IL100 more a year in secondary school tuition fees, if the demands are granted. According to Dr. Cohen's calculations, the rise would amount to IL36 a year, though some school managements, he said, had put it at IL45.

He said the Ministry apparently had debited the entire salary increase to the fees, instead of to all sources. This means that the balance would have to come from increased Government subsidy, scholarship funds, or the proprietors (private, public, or municipalities).

To the argument that the teachers habitually augment their income by overtime and extra work, Dr. Cohen countered that at present the teachers had to do this, but that the Association was opposed to it if salaries were increased.

As to the organizational issue, Dr. Cohen said that his Association was ready to join the Histadrut as an independent organization, as part of a federation of educational workers which could include the Histadrut-affiliated Teachers Union. "We will not return to the Teachers Union, where we would be a minority."

Nor would it join the section for secondary school teachers set up within the Teachers Union, which was not elected and which is open to all "post-elementary" school teachers and not only to those in four-year secondary schools.

Dr. Cohen said that the secondary school teacher's job is more demanding. He has the responsibility of preparing pupils for matriculation, the curriculum is more difficult and is continually changing, and the teacher has to keep abreast of developments. The elementary school teacher more or less goes over the same material every year.

While it is true that the secondary school teacher has a 34-hour week in school and the elementary school teacher 30 hours, the former has an extra 24 hours a week in preparing and marking homework, compared to about 18 hours of the latter, Dr. Cohen said. This made a total of about 48 hours for both. To mark an exercise book of an elementary school pupil takes a few minutes, but of a secondary school pupil, about half an hour, he claimed.

It will be recalled that the Histadrut-affiliated Teachers Union — from which the present independent Association broke away — last year concluded a two-year contract approved by the Ministry of Education, which awarded substantial increases and which has not yet expired.

The present demands of the secondary school teachers (which Dr. Cohen said already represented a compromise) are as follows:

New Naval Officers, Cadets Graduate

Jerusalem Post Reporter

ACRE. — At a double ceremony on the parade ground of the Acre Naval College, 14 newly-commissioned officers were handed their graduation certificates by the Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf Haim Laskov, and 22 cadets were sworn in to the naval service.

In a short speech after the ceremony, the Navy Commander, Aluf Shmuel Tankus, said that Israel could not run a naval armaments race with the enemy. She had to rely on her superior personnel training instead.

Aluf Ya'acov Dori, former Chief of Staff, who heads the School's Board of Directors, said that the Institute was not turning out officers at the desired rate. He promised a more intensified use of the school in the future.

Four Films Get Official Approval

Two projected full-length films and two documentaries were yesterday approved as "Israel films," giving them the right to benefit from certain facilities — such as loans — extended by the Government, it was officially announced last night.

The films were approved at a joint meeting of the Film Board and the Inter-ministerial Committee for Encouraging Israel Films.

The full-length films are "Ruth, the Moabite," to be produced by Sir Michael Balcon and Mr. Baruch Diener, and "The Three Faces of Life," to be produced by the Israel Motion Pictures studios at Herzliya on the basis of a story, "The Funeral," by Yehoshua Bar-Yosef.

The documentaries are "An Oasis in the Desert," a movie on Ein Geddi produced by Geva films, and a film on Tel Aviv to be prodced by Mr. David Greenberg.

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WHAT PROMISES HAS MAPAI KEPT?

"We not merely promise — we keep our word" — thus Mapai.

It was Mapai who promised "Socialism in our time"; and this promise it has kept faithfully. How? By —

- Imposing a crushing tax burden on all sections of the population
- Depriving the middle class, the self-employed and the employees of their hard-earned gains
- Refusing to recognize the rights of the free professions
- Subjugating the worker to the Government
- Galloping inflation and progressive devaluation
- Favouritism and a lowering of moral standards
- Stoppage of Immigration
- Increasing emigration
- Useless investments and wasting public funds on relief work

At the last Mapai Convention, Mr. Pinhas Lavon, Histadrut Secretary-General, aptly underlined this gloomy picture when he said:

"... Insofar as one can talk of a socialist economy at all, it might be said that we, more than any other country, have come nearer to realizing this idea."

"To be sure, there is a sector occupying not more than 30-35 per cent of the country's economy, which may be defined as capitalist. This does not, however, basically alter the country's economy, nor can it affect future developments."

("Davar," April 9, 1959)

Even these last vestiges of private enterprise are too much for Mapai — if one is to judge by what Mr. Ben-Gurion had to say on the subject to a correspondent of Ha'aretz: "I am obviously opposed to private property — today more than ever."

("Ha'aretz", Rosh Hashana Issue)

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THE JERUSALEM POST

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PAGES FROM MY SINAI DIARY

By Moshe Dayan

New light on the Sinai Campaign — its motivation, preparation and execution — is shed by these excerpts from the notebook of the former Chief of Staff who led what has come to be recognized as one of the most brilliant operations in military history. Another series of excerpts will appear tomorrow.

THREE years ago, today, Israel's Defence Forces launched their historic thrust into the Sinai wilderness. Their purpose was to ward off an openly proclaimed and desperately real threat to the very existence of the Jewish State. With the establishment of a unified command for the armies of Egypt, Jordan and Syria, strengthened by vast supplies of ultra-modern weapons from the Soviet bloc, the Arabs had transformed their economic blockade into a military siege.

FRUITS OF VICTORY

This country simply could not remain passive and wait for the ever-tightening stranglehold to take murderous effect. It so happened that at the same time as Israel was impelled to fight for the right to live, France and Britain came to realize they could not allow Nasser's illegal seizure of the Suez Canal to go unchallenged. Since all means of peaceful persuasion had failed, the two Western democracies were in principle prepared to resort to force in the defence of their legitimate interests. In a world where moral values are all too often inverted, there arose a hubbub of indignation, partly Machiavelian, partly wrong-headed. And Nasser, who had already begun to pack his bags to go into exile, unpacked them again to exult over his escape and to fling insults at his saviours, spitting malice first at Washington and, later, at Moscow.

The fruits of the brilliant victory which Israel achieved herself in that 100-hour war are still maturing. The justice of her cause, in regard to freedom of the seas in the Gulf of Eilat as in other matters, gained United Nations recognition after she had demonstrated her ability to enforce it, if need be, alone. The arrival this week at our southernmost port — indispensable gateway to the Far East — of the first of two 46,000-ton supertankers built in Japan, marks in effect the opening of a new, alternative major route for the transport of oil from the Middle East to Europe.

At the same time, the *fedayeen* gangs who used to roam through Israel territory, murdering and mutilating peaceful civilians, are but an evil, if never-to-be-forgotten, memory. In a Middle East seething today with inter-Arab hatred, intrigue, and threats of worse things to come, the citizens of Israel find themselves in a frenzy of constructive labour and of electioneering for the Fourth Knesset. Our immediate worry seems to be whether or not to reform our electoral system, to maintain proportional representation or replace it with constituency polls. Less spectacular though this may be than the Baghdad-Cairo conflict, this domestic Israel issue is important enough. For firm government is essential to the stability which makes Israel a haven of tranquillity in a conflict-torn region.

After the Sinai campaign, when Israel showed her mettle, the Arabs gave up the last pretence of unity which they had tried to foster in a display of common hostility towards the Jews. Today, with the pathological Nasser still at his mischief — and the more remote are his dreams of empire from the Atlantic to the Indian Ocean, the more restless he becomes—a grim situation is developing in and around Iraq. If a conflagration breaks out, Israel will be deeply, inevitably, concerned. The calm self-confidence, which the nation and its heroes won amid the sands and rocks of Sinai three years ago, should not be mistaken in any quarter for complacency.

Ta'anach Settlement Named 'Nir Jaffe'

The name "Nir Jaffe" was formally given to a settlement in the Ta'anach area yesterday, in memory of Marcus Jaffe, of Johannesburg, out of whose bequest to the Jewish National Fund the settlement was founded. Among those present were a delegation of the South African Zionist Federation and representatives of the JNF.

Wednesday, October 10, 1956

0800. Two Jews were murdered in an orange grove west of Tel Mond at five o'clock yesterday afternoon. About midnight I summoned the Operations Branch and instructed them to prepare a retaliatory operation against the police fort at Kalkilya for tomorrow night. I also approved and ordered bringing artillery into action with tank support (even crossing the border, if need be) so as to make sure that the operation would be carried out with the minimum of casualties.

From a meeting with the newspaper editors after the raid on the Kalkilya police fort (October 11, 1956)

"...I will not try to make you understand the extent to which we were worried between two and three o'clock this morning. We were truly and profoundly apprehensive. The position was that we had 50 men, some of whom were wounded, nine kilometres inside enemy territory, but we broke through and got to the post.

"I am saying this to show the kind of situation in which we may find ourselves if one military operation entails another the way things stand today. I am glad that all three parts of the operation were fully successful. (a) the police fort was blown up and the force that occupied it annihilated; (b) our road-block prevented the arrival of (enemy) reinforcements, and (c) when our blocking force was cut off, our reserve force succeeded in breaking through and extricating it. The enemy, on the other hand, did not succeed in any of its objectives: (a) the fort fell; (b) the reinforcements did not reach Kalkilya; (c) the force that attempted to cut off our blocking force failed. But I want to draw your attention to the kind of situation we may get into. Attacks on police forts are not foolproof operations in which it is enough to decide that nine o'clock is zero hour and we begin bombardment, and in the morning the "Bamahane" magazine comes out and describes the operation and the public asks which fort is next on the list. We must know what to expect.

"...there is one question which I do not have to answer, because it is a political one, and that is whether retaliatory operations are necessary. On this subject, I want to say only one thing. *Fedayeen* activities have lately become a daily matter: it looks as though Jordan has decided to use them as an everyday weapon. They took *fedayeen* units, incorporated them into the units that guard the border, and told them to go out and kill Jews. I am certain life in Israel will become hell on earth unless we succeed in stopping them in some way, for it is a simple matter for two or three Arabs from Kalkilya to reach our citrus groves or a cinema. Killing our people at work is the easiest thing there is if the Arabs want to do it, and they want to do it. I don't know whether they have thought out what will happen to Jordan afterwards, but they are ready to begin this kind of action. They are prepared to dispatch *fedayeen*, and the question is whether we must take steps about it, and if so, which. Are retaliatory operations any use? In this connection I want to say a few things.

"I should like to say what criteria we apply in selecting the objectives for our retaliatory raids: (a) they do not involve permanent occupation: the Army is authorized to carry out only operations from which it will be back in Israel territory at dawn, or at the latest an hour after daybreak. This first point means that the operation is not aimed at occupation. This is the first condition, and the Army selects its objectives accordingly. (b) The second condition is that no harm, or little harm comes to civilians, women and children. This operation affords a good example. For us, this condition means: (a) we can use rifles and machine-guns only, and; (b) we must neutralize the civilian population, from which the *fedayeen* are recruited and which gives them shelter and support. Nevertheless maximum pressure is not applied to the civilians in order to get them to resist *fedayeen* activities.

"...We are a small army, and the question is what about the future? Must this situation go on? Is there a way to change it? I don't see how we can abstain from military operations. I don't seen how we can live with the *fedayeen*. I believe that the way to get the Arab governments to resist the *fedayeen* and prevent them from operating lies in making them aware that they will pay first of all with the destruction of their own countries."

October 14, 1956

At 1300 a Beduin reported (at Sde Boker) that he had located tracks left by rubber-soled shoes. He continued to trail them, and at 1330 he found four *fedayeen* asleep in Wadi Barbara (coordinates 1280.0350.) At 1345 a squad left the settlement, surrounded the *fedayeen* and attacked. After our forces had thrown some grenades, they attempted to escape. There was an exchange of fire for about half-an-hour, until our forces had killed two of them and wounded the other two. They were dressed in ill-fitting khaki clothing, khaki army sweaters and the rubber-soled shoes that *fedayeen* wear, with high gaiters. Their arms were Karl Gustav sub-machine-guns and hand grenades, and they carried field glasses. At the first interrogation they admitted that a lieutenant, the intelligence officer at Abu Ageila, had sent them to reconnoitre Sde Boker and its surroundings.

Saturday, October 20, 1956

In the evening a "full-dress consultation" was held at the Prime Minister's Office with our Ambassadors who had returned home to discuss the political situation with Golda.

Sunday, October 21, 1956

We held a meeting at 1845 in Shimon's office (Shimon Peres, then Director-General of the Ministry of Defence — Ed.) during the meeting the Old Man was thumbing a Bible to prove to us the antiquity of our right to the Straits of Eilat.

Tuesday, October 23, 1956

Elections were held in Jordan on October 21. They brought to power Nabulsi's Left pro-Egyptian and pro-Soviet associates (Communists, Socialists and the Renaissance Party.) Nabulsi, who will apparently be the next Prime Minister, has already hurried to announce the abrogation of Jordan's treaty with Britain. Although the British hold on Jordan is not yet completely at an end, still, it is now more clearly in their interest than ever to get rid of Abdul Nasser, for in Jordan too Egypt is the root of the evil. No problem can be solved there unless they remove this element of enforced nationalism. If they neglect this they will be thrown out of there and of Iraq as they were thrown out of Suez.

Tuesday, October 23, 1956

From a consultation with B.G. Also present: Shimon (Peres) and Nehemia (the late Nehemia Argov, who was Mr. Ben-Gurion's Military Secretary—Ed.).

B.G.: The Egyptians can send heavy reinforcements to try to overcome, cut off and destroy our parachute forces.

Moshe: That doesn't worry me. If we drop three groups of parachutists in three different places and give them proper air cover it won't be easy to locate them, and certainly not to destroy them. If the question is only a milltary one I am in favour of the operation. Of course I'm not concerned here with the political aspect.

B.G.: The force we send towards the Canal risks being destroyed, and I don't see how an aerial cover will protect it at night. On the way out they can go by plane, but how will you bring them back? If you use planes the first night to parachute the forward forces, the Egyptians cannot but treat it as a warlike operation and they will have no qualms about resorting to any means at their command. And then there will be not only the problem of the soldiers in the battlefields but also of the danger to their fathers and mothers in the cities in the rear.

Moshe: But every single Israeli will be ready to pay the price, and even a higher one, for a good and clear cause.

Wednesday, October 24,

1800. As a matter of fact everyone is stirred. The Old Man too is profoundly moved and does not even try to hide it. Yet for him this is not the end of a game but the beginning of difficulties within the government, the coalition and the Knesset, and then with the operation itself and its direction.

Wednesday, October 24,

Directives for operation:

To parachute a military force for the seizure of objectives inside Sinai.

To gain command of the Straits of Eilat (Tiran).

To disrupt the disposition of the Egyptian forces in the Sinai Peninsula and to bring about their collapse.

To seize, by means of parachuted forces, the road junction of Sudr al-Kheyth on the Nakhl-Suez axis.

To take Nakhl.

To take Kuntilla and Ras e-Nakb.

To open the Kuseima-Nakhl axis.

To open the Kuntilla-Nakhl axis.

To open the Ras e-Nakb-Nakhl axis.

Defensive alert as of dawn on 30.10 in the rest of the commands.

The Air Force will be on full operational alert as of H-hour to carry out the following: protect the skies of Israel, aid the ground forces, attack Egyptian airfields.

To move forward along the Ras e-Nakb-Sharm e-Sheikh axis with the object of taking Sharm e-Sheikh.

To take Kuseima.

Defensive alert on the Syrian frontier and in the Jordan sector north of Jerusalem.

To gain command of the Straits of Eilat.

To take Rafah, Abu Ageila and El Arish.

To open up an axis from Sudr Kheyth by way of Bir Mor and e-Tor to Sharm e-Sheikh and to open up an axis from Abu Euneima to Dahab.

October 25, 1956

B.G. must have gone through a difficult night struggling with himself, with his conscience and his judgement of the situation. If anyone at all has the right to make a fateful decision by himself and alone it certainly is the Old Man. Those who have seen him in this great and fateful struggle with himself know how he fights to take each issue to its last, sharp logical conclusion, never flinching from its ultimate weight and importance. But at the same time he does not lose the impetus of the original drive to meet problems actively amidst a forest of qualifying doubts, question marks, fears and anxieties.

When we met him this morning, the decision was written plainly on his face. His talk was now of matters that came after the decision, and he permitted himself some visions of the future and what it would look like. He spoke mainly on how to get the decision passed by the Cabinet and how to tie up loose ends. Although he still had a mountain of questions of principle, and although he still said nothing, and nothing had been decided, yet the decision had become a fact, and the questions that he asked were designed to clarify the 'how' of the campaign than the 'why.'

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Israel troops, accompanied by a monk from the Monastery of St. Catherine at the foot of Mt. Sinai, climb up to what is traditionally believed to be the peak where Moses appeared with the Tablets of the Law.

KEEPING POSTED

WE should not like to let Succot pass without noting a service offered to their fellow-Jews, particularly the non-orthodox, by the settlers at Shafrir. They are *hassidim*, and it worries them that any Jews should fail to make the proper blessing over the "four species" at this time of year. They

therefore seek out a captive audience in the trains, and a delegate equipped with a *lulav* paces up and down the carriages, offering an opportunity to careless people to catch up with their duties. It must cost them quite a bit in train-fare but seems to us a pleasanter way of making a convert than shouting and abuse.

•

THE elections have now almost caught up with us. We have no way of telling how many people's vote will be influenced by election propaganda: we have an idea that each vote acquired in this way is pretty dearly paid for. We have been noting some of the other effects of the campaigns. One of these concerns a young man who admits that he is suffering from "election sickness." The symptoms are loss of weight and appetite, nausea and general discouragement. He is an electrician by trade and works for a firm called, believe it or not, "Radio Doctor," which supplies microphones and amplifiers for public meetings. His job is to look after the equipment while it is in use, and as a result he has been attending an average of two election meetings a night, for the past three months. He can repeat by heart the arguments of the speakers of all the parties, and says he can figure out the rest of a speech by the opening sentences. He does not know for which party he will vote, if at all. On the other hand he has been making a list of items and is thinking of studying electronics seriously, so his time has not been completely wasted.

•

WE have also heard of a young boy who has been making a little money out of the elections. He and a friend canvassed various parties for work and struck it lucky in turn with the General Zionists, Herut and Mapai. They were employed to distribute handbills and other propaganda material, and with absolute political impartiality, but dubious commercial morality, he sold all the paper directly to fishmongers and grocers.

•

A FEW days ago two monkeys escaped from a laboratory in the centre of Jerusalem and took refuge in some tall eucalyptus trees in a nearby courtyard. A party was sent out by the laboratory to bring back the truants. After hours of effort with ladders, sticks, ropes and nets they caught one, but the other, a young baboon, escaped every time. The entire neighbourhood gathered to look on and give advice. Some may have been attracted by the offer of IL40 reward for the return of the animal. The monkey passed a cold night high up on his tree, and in the morning a boy of 12 who likes animals and lives nearby went to work on the problem. First he put a bowl of water on his mother's kitchen window sill, with a slice of bread and a small head of lettuce. Then he retired out of sight. The monkey came down, picked up the bowl to drink, and then when it was empty and useless he threw it away. He did not seem to fancy either bread or lettuce. The boy then tried peanuts. The monkey fled as soon as he saw the boy stir, later came back to have a look at the nuts,

but decided he did not want them either. Then the boy, judging by his own tastes, apparently, tried toffee. The monkey was enthusiastic, and the whole family gathered to watch him unwrap the sweets and chew with gusto. He was finally trapped with the aid of one toffee outside the window, one inside, and another on the floor, about a yard inside the kitchen. When the window was slammed shut and he realized that he could not get out the baboon sat down resignedly, but he was rightly offended and would not eat any more sweets. He was fetched by the men from the laboratory, who looked at the captor and offered him IL2 as a bonus. It was then his turn to be rightly offended, and he refused.

Today's contributors include M.S., Tel Aviv, and Hanna Drimmer, Jerusalem.

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Polls Open 7 a.m. to Midnight

TEL AVIV. — The Central Election Committee announced on Wednesday details of the polling procedure for elections to the Fourth Knesset next Tuesday.

Polling stations will be open from seven in the morning till midnight. Names of places where voting will be conducted from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. will be announced later. All persons who reach stations in time to vote, but who are prevented from doing so for any reason, may cast their votes after the deadline.

Each voter is designated a station, and he may vote only at the place where his name is listed in the Voters Register. Location of polling stations will be announced. Citizens may vote only on producing a Government identity booklet.

Procedure of voting is:

- 1.—The voter identifies himself to the station committee by handing over his identity booklet.
- 2.—He receives an envelope, enters the closed polling booth, where he places in the envelope the voting slip of the list he chooses (he may mark the letters of the list with a pencil or black or blue ink on white slips).
- 3.—He returns to the station's committee table and places the envelope in the ballot box.
- 4.—He takes back his identity booklet which by then has been marked, showing that he has voted.
- 5.—At those stations where voting is held for municipalities, the same procedure (Nos. 1-4) is followed, except that letters of the various lists are marked on blank white slips.
- 6.—Two voting slips bearing the same letter, or one slip bearing any mark in addition to the letters, will invalidate the vote.

The Central Elections Committee will open information centres on the eve of election day and on election day itself, to enable members of the public to check whether their names are on the election roll, and to direct them to their polling stations, it was officially announced last night.

The information centres will be open on Monday, November 2, from 7.30 p.m. to 11 p.m., and on Tuesday, November 3, from 7 a.m. to 11.30 p.m. at Post Offices in 20 towns, including the following:

Haifa — Central Post Office, 84 Rehov Ha'atzmaut.
— Central Post Office, Rehov Hehalutz.
— Nahala Branch Post Office, 3 Rehov Gal Ed.
— Har Hacarmel Post Office, Rehov Wedgwood.

Jerusalem — Central Post Office, Jaffa Road.
— Mahane Yehuda Branch Post Office, Rehov Jaffa.
— Southern Branch Post Office, 11/43 German Colony.

Tel Aviv — Post Office, Rehov Zamenhoff.
— Central Post Office, 132 Allenby St.
— Post Office, 61 Rehov Herzl.
— Jaffa Post Office, 12 Jerusalem Blvd.
— Post Office, Yad Eliahu Quarter.
— Post Office, Ramat Hehayal.

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YESTERDAY'S PRESS

RENAULT LESSON

Ha'aretz (non-party) writes that M. Couve de Murville's personal note to our Foreign Minister, assuring her that the Renault defection has no political implications and that friendship between the two nations would continue, is all well and good. Yet the fact remains that Renault surrendered to the Arab boycott and we should rivet our attention to that aspect of the problem. We cannot sit back and idly watch the Arabs wreaking havoc with our foreign trade which will become more and more vulnerable as it expands. We should take active steps to combat it and alert all those concerned to the patent fact that a boycott can cut both ways.

Hatzofe (National Religious) too is gratified that amity will continue but points out that France is seeking a way of solving her problems with the Arabs, and while we cannot blame her for that, Israel can hardly be delighted with having to foot the bill. The fact seems to be that we were expected to take the slap lying down, and the reverberations of the Renault default here has taken France by surprise.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) concludes that Paris will act in accordance with its own interests in the Middle East, even if they harm Israel's. Mapam's warning against blind and all-out support of France's policy has been amply vindicated by the Renault affair. It is high time we drew the logical conclusions and stopped hitching our wagon to that of other countries.

Herut claims that in no country where a firm has succumbed to the Arab boycott has such a furore been raised as in France, and this alone proves that the Renault affair is not closed. We know that we can rely on French friendship and although it is rather late in the game — we have allowed the boycott ogre to grow to excessive dimensions when we could have scotched it at birth — can can still take action to show the Arabs that world trade is not their own happy hunting ground.

Haboker (General Zionist) calls for action on the report of the committee set up to probe Military Government pressure against M.K. Kassis, adding that Seren Shababo, the Mapai puppet in military uniform, should be transfered to another zone. The fact that Mapai sabotaged the committee and did everything it could to hamper its work, shows that this party, which has been clamouring against the break-up of election meetings, is only "crying thief" for it itself is guilty of offences it has attributed to others.

Davar (Histadrut) writes that all the hyenas and jackals that are sending up a wail around Iraq are playing a most dangerous game for themselves, to Iraq and the region's stability, while Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) warns that Cairo's plotting in Iraq calls for alertness.

HEARD ABROAD

The only real danger that exists is man himself... We are the origin of all coming evil.
— Dr. C. G. Jung.

The Sputnik and the Lunik cannot be ignored by poets.
— Nobel prize-winner Salvatore Quasimodo.

If we continue at this leisurely pace we will have to pass the Russian customs when we land on the moon.
— Dr. Wernher von Braun.

I think I am the first honest man Mr. Khrushchev has ever met.
— Field-Marshal Lord Montgomery.

I am surprised that no Christian body has made any comment about Mr. Khrushchev's disarmament statement which he made in America. No Christian could possibly have put forward a better plan than this. ...He could not more effectively have read the passage from the New Testament.
— Archbishop of Canterbury.

WHO EXERCISES PRESSURE ON THE VOTER?

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

Readers' Letters

'FOR ADULTS ONLY'

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Yesterday's *Post* reports the story of a 13-year-old Haifaite who forged the age on his birth certificate in order to see the film "Passport to Shame" — unnecessarily, as it turned out, because he had no trouble getting in, with no one asking him to prove his age.

"Anatomy of a Murder" (Mograbi, Tel Aviv) was reviewed in your pages on October 7 as an "Unsavoury Masterpiece" featuring "clinical details of what constitutes rape ... certainly a film for adults only." However, no such restriction appeared on the last three Fridays in your cinema ad column, and in the early performances one hears the shrill giggle of schoolgirls, alternating with the frightened wailing of toddlers.

If the restriction "For adults only" is to be more than just a publicity gimmick used to attract rather than to curtail, the laws governing the admission of children to certain films can obviously not be left to the cinema-owners. Their enforcement would, indeed, seem a more useful occupation for our censorship authorities than dabbling in politics, resulting in the "freezing" of such universally acclaimed films as "Paradies und Feuerofen."

Yours, etc.
H. GOLDSTEIN
Tel Aviv, October 20.

EXCHANGE REGULATIONS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I regret that in my article, "A Guide for D.M. Transferers," in your issue of October 11, a slight error occurred, owing to new foreign currency exchange regulations.

Persons receiving monthly pensions from abroad are entitled to the 20 per cent premium in cash instead of in Government Loans, when converting their funds into Israel Pounds, provided the monthly amount does not exceed DM 1,000.- (formerly only up to DM 600.-).

Yours, etc.
H. HERZBERG
Tel Aviv, October 18.

STATE OF ISRAEL
THE CENTRAL ELECTORAL COMMITTEE FOR THE FOURTH KNESSET

Notice Concerning the Freedom, Inviolability, and Secrecy of Elections

Article 59 of the Knesset Elections Law, 1959 provides:

"(1) Anyone offering to bribe a voter with a view to influencing the voter either to vote for a certain list of candidates or to abstain from voting at all;

(2) Anyone accepting or deigning to accept a bribe, either for himself or another person, in order that the voter may vote for a certain list of candidates or abstain from voting at all;

(3) Anyone threatening to harm a voter or any other person in order to compel them either to vote for a certain list of candidates or to abstain from voting at all;

(4) Anyone promising employment to a voter, threatening to dismiss a voter from employment or from receiving or accepting employment in case the voter votes for a certain list of candidates or abstains from voting;

is liable to five years' imprisonment or IL5,000 fine, or both such penalties."

The Central Electoral Committee for the Fourth Knesset has ensured the freedom, secrecy and inviolability of the elections, in accordance with the provisions laid down by law. Various measures have been taken to ensure the voters' right to free elections.

The attention of the public is drawn to these facts in order to enable everybody to vote without pressure, in the knowledge that conscience alone shall guide the voters in the act of casting their ballots.

The following measures have been taken by the Central Electoral Committee:

1. The ballot envelope is not transparent and the letter on the ballot paper indicating the party is not visible from outside;
2. At each polling station voters will find a screen behind which they will place the ballot of their choice in an envelope. Voters will be alone behind the screen and will not be observed by anyone while being there;
3. The voter himself will place the ballot in the envelope;
4. The voter himself will close the envelope;
5. The voter himself will drop the envelope into the ballot box;
6. Once dropped into the ballot box, the envelope mingles with the other envelopes in the ballot box so as to render the voter's identification impossible.

I feel certain that all citizens will pay due regard to the law and stand by their rights to benefit by these measures, enabling them to cast their votes in the secure knowledge that they are voting solely in accordance with their own will and conscience.

YOEL SUSSMANN
Judge, Supreme Court
Chairman of the Central Electoral Committee for the Fourth Knesset.

October 20, 1960

Notice

SINCE OCTOBER 1, 1958, 86 ACCIDENTS HAVE OCCURRED ON NEGEV ROADS SOUTH OF BEERSHEBA, IN WHICH 28 persons were killed
28 seriously injured
147 lightly injured

Negev roads are such as to call for extra vigilance on the driver's part.

We therefore call on all drivers in the Negev:

- To take into account the special climatic conditions of the Negev, of heat by day and cold by night, and the influence of this climate on the driver's capacities;
- To pay special heed on journeys through wide expanses, liable to distract the driver;
- To pay attention to the width of the road which is not always wide enough to permit two vehicles to by-pass each other.

We call on the Government:

- To widen the roads, in order to ensure the safe passage of heavy vehicles serving the development of the Negev and its deposits;
- To see to the erection of suitable road signs on all routes wherever needed.

THE NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR THE PREVENTION OF ROAD ACCIDENTS

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